RAJASTHAN ELECTRONICS & INSTRUMENTS LTD., JAIPUR

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CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Dear Shareholders,

The previous year has indeed been a year of great challenge with the COVID-19 pandemic affecting economies across the globe, including the Indian economy. The pandemic also seriously affected company's performance. However, the Company has shown resilience in dealing with the situation and supplemented the national efforts while at the same time worked towards strengthening its own foundations for long term growth. Here, I want to pay our sincere gratitude to all frontline workers, who have been working tirelessly, combating COVID-19 and its ill effects. With the pandemic far from over, as we continue to face emerging threats from new variants, we all must put our best efforts together to sail through this uncharted territory.

It is an honor for me to address you again to share the performance highlights and achievements of your Company during the FY 2020-21 and its future outlook. During the financial year 2020-21, there were considerable challenges in the changing business environment we operate. Despite these challenges, your Company has achieved growth in turnover as against previous year.

The prevailing turbulence in the global business environment has been impacting business and posing a major threat for growth. To combat the risks associated, the Company is foraying into new business areas and keeping pace with fast changing technological advancements. Also, the Government's emphasis on 'Make in India' and 'Atmanirbhar Bharat' initiatives in Renewable Energy and Electrical Vehicle Charging sector provides a great opportunity to enhance indigenization efforts and address the need generated in these sectors.

REIL provides technology solutions for qualitative & quantitative analysis of milk across all verticals of Dairy Industry sector through its milk analysis and automation solution, addresses energy needs of the rural and related urban sector through Solar Photo Voltaic and Information Technology & recently diversified in security surveillance applications, e-Mobility through setting-up of EV Charging infrastructure & Skill Development.

REIL as innovators across India have responded quickly to the challenge posed by the Covid-19 pandemic and developed In-house "Automatic Hand Sanitizer".

HIGHLIGHTS OF THE YEAR

Your Company achieved a turnover of Rs. 148.66 Crore during 2020-21 against Rs. 112.12 Crore in 2019-20, thereby registering a growth of 33%. The Company has incurred loss of Rs. 12.78 Crore as against a loss of Rs. 17.07 Crore in previous year, mainly due to low revenue generation. However, stringent budgetary control measures and prudent provisioning has helped in restricting the loss.

While the challenges continue, the situation is also throwing up a number of opportunities. The company believes that timely & high quality delivery of products & projects, aggressive efforts in emerging technologies, collaborative working with government, PSUs, private industry, R&D institutions and academia will be the foundations for building a strong future.

Your Company is holding the most prominent position in the Dairy Industry through its customer focused approach by way of ensuring prompt products deliveries and after sales support. The Company continuously provides best services to its customer through deployment of accurate and reliable testing equipment at village level / milk collection centre in the villages and strategically manpower deployment throughout the country. Digitization in

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dairy sector is also bringing utmost transparency for producers as well as consumers. REIL is continuously innovating such solutions, this year developed and deployed Milk Producers Mobile Application for Milk Producer Companies (MPCs).

The Company has aligned business operations to contribute to various National Programmes such as Make in India, Digital India, National Solar Mission, Drinking Water Mission, Food Safety & Security, Doubling the farmer's income, FAME India Scheme and Smart City Mission. REIL has strived for Digital Transformation of the Company through Security & Surveillance, Digital India, Automation, e-Governance, Paperless Office, Industrial IOT and Clouds etc.

The challenges and opportunities Indian power sector is undergoing a significant change that has redefined the industry outlook. Sustained economic growth continues to drive electricity demand in India. The Government of India's focus on reducing the carbon footprint has accelerated growth of renewable capacity addition in the country and the renewable capacity targets have been revised to 450 GW and more by 2030. Many power sector reforms are being introduced by the Government for bringing efficiency and discipline in the sector including proposed amendment to Electricity Act. Along with this, new market mechanisms are under discussion to promote competition thereby providing affordable power to the consumers.

In Renewable Energy Sector, your Company has executed prestigious projects like SPV Rooftop systems for Residential sector in urban areas, SPV off-grid Agriculture pumps under KUSUM Scheme, PSU Synergy etc. and did significant business with organizations such as RREC, SECI, SAIL, HREDA, RHDS, SYNGENTA, PFC, MECL, NMDC, BREDA, SBPDCL, PEDA, UREDA and other private players.

The Company was awarded "10th PSE Excellence Award" in the Research and Development (R&D) and Innovation category" by Governance Now.

The Company believes in setting standards of transparency and sound systems. Your Company is committed to sound corporate practices based on conscience, transparency, fairness, professionalism, and accountability. The Company has also actively participated digitally and sensitized the employees to be part of missions of the Government like Swachh Bharat Abhiyan, Swachhta Hi Sewa- Abhiyaan, Digital India and Skill Development etc. by motivating the employees and organizing the Cleanliness drive, training prorgammes and business innovation across the campus etc.

I would like to convey my appreciation to my colleagues on the Board for their invaluable contribution in strengthening the Company. I express my sincere thanks to investors, shareholders, employees, and customers for their unstinted support. Your Company values your trust and confidence and shall continue to work tirelessly to take it forward. I would like to thank various Ministries of the Government of India, particularly the Ministry of Heavy Industries and State Government of Rajasthan for their continuous guidance and support in our efforts.

With best wishes,

Date: 27.12.2021 Place: Jaipur JAIPUR JAIPUR

Sd/-CHAIRMAN



DIRECTORS' REPORT

To The Members,

Your Directors are pleased to present the 39th Annual Report on the business and operations of the Company together with the audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2021.

During the year the Company has achieved turnover of Rs. 148.66 Crore i.e. an increase of 33% over previous F.Y. 2019-20. The Company has incurred a loss of Rs. 12.78 Crore as against a loss of Rs. 17.07 Crore in previous year, mainly due to low revenue generation. However, stringent budgetary control measures and prudent provisioning has helped in restricting the loss. The raging pandemic is posing formidable and unprecedented challenges across the business value chain. Team REIL is facing the headwinds, taking nimble footed decisions and executing them with speed to meet the current challenges on the ground as well as remain firmly on course for long term sustainable growth.

The year gone by started with an unprecedented nation-wide lockdown due to pandemic which negatively impacted the economic activities across the globe. Post relaxation of lockdown economic activities gradually started picking up from mid May 2020. Economic environment continues to remain uncertain and challenging owing to COVID and partial lockdowns across the country. However, we as an organisation remain vigilant to the ground developments with confidence and optimism to manage emerging scenarios

The Company is committed to total customer satisfaction by identifying their needs translating them into quality products and providing dependable after-sales-services. REIL addresses energy needs of the rural sector through Solar Photo Voltaic, Milk testing and quality related needs of the milk co-operative and dairy industry sector through it ON/AT line milk analysis and automation solution and Information Technology & Communication applications for e-governance, dairy vertical, small business and Government sectors.

The Company has aligned business operations to contribute to various National Programmes such as Make in India, Digital India, National Solar Mission, Drinking Water Mission, Food Safety & Security, Doubling the farmer's income, FAME India Scheme and Smart City Mission. REIL has strived for Digital Transformation of the Company through Security & Surveillance, Digital India, Automation, e-Governance, Paperless Office, Industrial IOT and Clouds etc.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

The Company's financial highlights are as provided below:

S. No.	PARTICULARS		(Rs. in Lakh)
		2020-21	2019-20
1.	Turnover & Other Income		
2.	Material Cost	14866	11212
3.	Employment Cost	8235	6112
4.	Other Revenue Expenses	3532	3528
5.	Gross Margin (PBDIT)	nics 4 4421	4193
6.	Profit Before Tax (PBT)	1321)	(2622)
7.	15(JAIPUR 3 (1905)	(2937)
	Net Worth	8109	9393

STATUS OF COMPANY'S AFFAIRS

The Company will enter into the Performance MoU with Department of Heavy Industry (DHI), Ministry of Heavy Industries (MoHI), Government of India to set the performance targets for the year 2021-22.

Solar in Dairy is the best solution that enables hassle-free operation especially in power starved areas. In its regular effort towards incorporating Solar in Dairy, the Company has received orders for 260 nos. Solar Power packs of varying capacities, from J&K and Northern region. REIL's active move towards digitization and error-free dairying has strengthened the farmers' confidence and improved their lives by bringing transparency and ease-of-work in day-to-day operations through technology.

As an innovator, The Company responded quickly to the challenge posed by COVID-19 pandemic and developed in-house AHS (Automatic Hand Sanitizer) and deployed these at discrete locations.

The Company has successfully executed the order received from NATRiP for Design, Development, Supply, Installation, Integration with third party software & hardware API's, Testing, Training, Implementation of Proving Ground Management System (PGMS) and Software Solution for testing tracks for all categories of vehicles, systems and components at NATRAX, Indore, Madhya Pradesh.

In line with Smart Cities Mission of the Government, REIL being nodal agency, received orders for "Design, Supply, Installation, Testing & Commissioning of 1.5 MWp Grid Connected Solar Power Plants at various Govt. Buildings in Jaipur, Rajasthan.

Under PM-KUSUM Scheme, REIL has successfully executed 473 Nos. of 10 HP SPV Water Pumping Systems at various locations in Haryana through HAREDA and 250 Nos. of 7.5 HP SPV Water Pumping Systems at various locations in Rajasthan through RHDS.

After successful implementation of project in Rajasthan for Energy Efficient LED Lights under Street Light National Program (SLNP), The Company has grabbed prestigious order from Haryana for PMC of retrofitting of Conventional Street Lights with Energy Efficient LED Lights under JAGMAG SHEHAR of 10 years.

REIL in its role as Project Management Consultant (PMC) & Annual Maintenance Consultant (AMC) for EESL has successfully installed and maintaining total 320277 Nos. LED lights under Street Light National Program (SLNP). Under FAME Scheme 347 Nos. of Electric Vehicle Charging Stations have been operationalized against LoI of 1061 from DHI

In the direction of digital India policy, ease of business and transparency among all the stakeholders and smooth operation for timely services to the customers, the Company has designed, developed and implemented application for on-line bill tracking software.

Your Company continues with its task to build business with long term goals based on intrinsic strength in terms of its powerful brands, quality manufacturing process, excellent after-sales-service and customer relationships. It accords high priority to rationalizing and streamlining operations to bring about better efficiencies and reduction in costs.

INDIAN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Ind AS)

As mandated by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the financial statements for the year ended on March 31, 2021 has been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

DIVIDEND

As the Company has posted Loss for the F.Y. 2020-21, therefore in order to conserve the resources of the Company by taking into account the prevailing economic situation and the need of resources for growth, it is proposed not to recommend any dividend on the Equity Shares of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2021.

TRANSFER FROM GENERAL RESERVES

It is proposed to transfer Rs. 13.00 Crore from General Reserve of the Company to retained earnings for the year 2020-21.

CREDIT RATING

The Company has obtained its credit ratings from CARE. It has been given a rating 'CARE BBB-' by CARE for its long-term bank facilities. Similarly, for its short-term bank facilities the Company has been assigned 'CARE A3' rating by CARE.

The ratings continue to derive strength from the established operations with long track record and diversified product portfolio.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

Ms. Nidhi Chhibber, Addl. Secretary, Ministry of Heavy Industries, GoI, New Delhi, has been appointed as nominee Director w.e.f. 15.06.2021

Ms. Sujata Sharma, Senior Economic Advisor, Ministry of Heavy Industries, GoI, New Delhi, ceased to be Director of the Company w.e.f. 15.06.2021 consequent upon her superannuation.

The Board of Directors places on record the deep appreciation of the valuable services rendered as well as advice and guidance provided by Ms. Sujata Sharma, during her tenure.

Key Managerial Personnel

Pursuant to the provisions of section 203 of the Act, the key managerial personnel of the Company are Shri Rakesh Chopra, Managing Director, Shri Subhash Agrawal, Chief Financial Officer and Shri Amit Kumar Jain, Company Secretary.

Declaration by Independent Directors

The independent directors have submitted the declaration of Independence, as required pursuant to section 149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013 stating that they meet the criteria of independence as provided in subsection (6).

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CORPORATE AWARDS/ RECOGNITIONS AND VISIBILITY

Continuing its tradition of bagging prestigious awards. The organization won following awards during the year.

- "10th PSE Excellence Award" in the Research and Development (R&D) and Innovation category" by Governance Now.
- Best Employer Award 2019 instituted by Employer Association of Rajasthan for 11th time in series.
- Shri Rakesh Chopra, Managing Director, REIL conferred with "CEO with HR Orientation Award".
- Order of Merit from SKOCH for inspirational and transformational performance during COVID 19.
- National Productivity Week organized by National Productivity Council Jaipur from 12.02.2021 to 18.02.2021 with the theme "Udyog Manthan for Productivity".
- "Plenary session: Journey towards Sustainable Transport" during Virtual conference on future of mobility organized by FICCI on 26.08.2020.
- Session on "Current Policy and regulatory regime in Rajasthan for Solar & Path Ahead" during Video conference on "Developing Rajasthan as Solar Components Manufacturing Hub in India" organized by PHD Chamber 0n 08.09.2021.
- Webinar on business opportunities and technological advancement in dairy value chain organized by MSME- Development Institute, Jaipur, REIL, NDRI & World Trade Center Jaipur in association with IDA, Rajasthan Chapter on 25.09.2020.
- Technical Session on "Policies for scaling up E-mobility infrastructure" during Go Electric Campaign by Ministry of Power and BEE at Vigyan Bhawan, New Delhi on 19.02.2021.
- 6th edition of India International Science Festival (IISF)-2020 organized by the Ministry of Science & Technology, Ministry of Earth Sciences, and Ministry of Health & Family Welfare in association with Vijnana Bharati (VIBHA) in virtual mode on 23.12.2020.

QUALITY & RELIABILITY

REIL pursues continual improvement in the quality of its products, services and performance leading to customer satisfaction through commitment, innovation and team work of all employees. REIL has established & maintained Quality Management System & Environment Management System and has been re-certified by DNV GL confirming to the International Standards ISO 9001: 2015 & ISO 14001:2015

PRODUCTION

The Company has produced 9095 Nos. of Electronic Milk Analysers as compared to previous year 8611 Nos. and 15.65 MW (59425) of Solar Photovoltaic Modules as compared to the previous year of 5.18 MW

DEVELOPMENT OF SUPPORT UNITS & MSMEs

REIL as a policy puts emphasis on development of support industries and is in close interactions with support them for their technology up-gradation, which in turn helps in their quality improvement and volume production. REIL is fulfilling its requirement of raw material and components, from MSMEs. The Company has been issued UDYAM registration certificate by Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium

REIL is regularly developing support industries by participating in the vendor development programmes organized by MSME from time to time. Procurement from MSMEs during 2020-2021 was of Rs. 22.66 crore. The Company has procured approximately 1% of total procurement of good & services through GeM JAIPUR)

EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

The details forming part of the extract of the Annual Return in form MGT-9, as required under Section 92 of the Companies Act, 2013, is included in this Report as Annexure-A and forms an integral part of this

DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

The Company has in place an Anti Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. An Internal Committee has been set up to redress the complaints received regarding sexual harassment at workplace. The following is the summary of sexual harassment complaints received and disposed off during the current

1. Number of Complaints received: 1

2. Number of Complaints disposed off: 1

ENERGY CONSERVATION, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE

The particulars as sub section (3) (m) of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, are stated as under:

Sustainable Development and Conservation of Energy A.

The Company is an Electronic Manufacturing Unit with environment friendly processes. Being in Renewable Energy sector, Sustainability is embedded in the organization's culture with the objective of aligning the interests of the Company with that of its Stakeholders. Periodic testing of environmental parameters is undertaken as per relevant legal requirements to make sure that processes are operating within

The Projects & Impacts

Energy conservation initiatives in manufacturing units are monitored to achieve higher efficiency of power & fuels inputs. Some energy conservation measures taken during the year include:

> Awareness generation amongst employees about the necessity of energy conservation.;

> Identification of potential to reduce use of energy, arresting leakages, use of alternate sources of energy, identifying wasteful use of energy and plugging them and use of energy measurement

Technology Absorption and Research & Development B.

In today's competitive business environment, it is important to offer new products & systems with latest technological features. REIL is aligning its R&D framework and business strategy to provide reliable products which are not only cost-competitive but also have an edge in efficiency and performance. In-house Research and Development is extremely important for self-sustenance and growth in today's challenging environment. The Company's R&D activities achieve the corporate mission of meeting existing & emerging needs of Customers and serve them through development/ marketing and delivery of Quality Products and dependable after sales service by designing and developing new products & processes.

Major activities undertaken by R&D includes:

a) DEVELOPMENT OF ELECTRONIC MILK ANALYZER WITHOUT CALIBRATION.

Electronic Milk analyzer used for the milk quality analysis acquires the bibration at the field level. To eliminate the problem of wrong calibration due to human/en inclumental conavior, calibration of Electronic

milk analyzers are done during manufacturing. In milk analyzer three types of calibration have been incorporated - one for the buffalo milk, one for the cow milk and another one for the mix milk. Calibrations of all the three channels are done during manufacturing only.

b) BMC AUTOMATION UNIT

BMC Data logger is designed for online monitoring critical parameters of milk temperature and volume stored at BMC with the objective to protect the milk from getting sour and spill over. The real time data of milk stored at various BMC help in better management of milk at Dairy.

In addition it also provide near real time data of compressor, agitator, generator and grid supply. Alarms are also devised for emergency conditions. Web and mobile application has been developed to monitor various parameters related to BMC and to provide daily, weekly and Monthly reports.

c) STIRRER

Ultrasonic Milk Stirrer is the essential equipment for testing the quality of milk in collection units. For the cost optimization and in-house manufacturing development of the stirrer was started. This is specially designed to completely remove air bubbles from fresh milk prior to its testing for error free reading of parameters in Milk analyzers. The body of the stirrer is ideal for dusty and humid environment with excellent capability to operate under wide temperature range.

Product up gradation

- 1. EMAT without buffer;
- 2. Milk Analyzer Sensor of SL20;
- 3. Major Accounting feature added in the ADVDPU for the UCDF software;
- 4. Firmware Over The Air (FOTA) in BMC/ADVDPU for the remote firmware update;
- 5. REIL USB Module for the cost optimization;
- 6. Development of Next generation DPU on IoS/Android platform; and
- 7. Development of mobile application for milknet and other various products on IoS platform.

Patents & IPR

R&D has filed the response to the review received from Indian Patent Office regarding the innovation of Control & Data Acquisition System for Monitoring & Storing Milk Collection Data and Digital EMT. REIL R&D has received the patent of the Control & Data Acquisition System for Monitoring & Storing Milk Collection Data on 18/07/2020 vide Patent Number 341940.

R&D Expenditure

The expenditure on Research & Development (R&D) during the year is as under:

(Rs. in Lakh) (a) Capital 2.77 (b) Revenue 308.17

(c) Total 310.94



(d) Total R&D expenditure, as a percentage of total turnover, stood at 2.09%

Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgoings

During the year the Company has used total foreign exchange worth of Rs. 297.00 Lakh.

REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FOR THE YEAR 2020-21

REIL functions within a sound framework of Corporate Governance which underlines its commitment to quality of governance, transparency in disclosures, consistent stakeholders' value enhancement and corporate social responsibility. REIL's corporate governance framework rests upon the cornerstones of transparency, full disclosure, independent monitoring and fairness to all.

The Company's governance framework is based on the following principles:

High degree of disclosure and transparency levels;

Achievement of goals with compassion for people and environment;

Full Legal and Regulatory compliance in all areas in which the Company operates;

* Recognition of obligations towards all stakeholders – shareholders, customers, employees, suppliers , society and robust systems and processes for internal control.

The Company believes in conducting business in a manner that complies with the Corporate Governance procedures and Code of Conduct, exemplifies each of the core values and positions REIL to deliver longterm returns to the shareholders, favourable outcomes to the customers, attractive opportunities to the employees, giving an opportunity to the suppliers to partner the Company in progress and enrichment of

The Board of your Company constantly endeavors to set goals and targets aligned to the Company's vision and mission - "To be the Leader in the Rural Sector for business area of Dairy Electronics, significant player in Renewable Energy & Electric Mobility and in related areas of Information Technology applications & Skill Development." and "To Put in efforts to meet the existing & emerging needs of customers and serve them through development/marketing and delivery of quality products and dependable

BOARD AND COMMITTEES:

a) Board of Directors:

The Company is a Government of India Company under the administrative control of the Ministry of Heavy Industries. The Board of Directors has a combination of Executive (Functional) and Non-Executive Directors. As on 31 March, 2021, there were 6 Directors on the Board comprising of one Managing Director and five Non-Executive Directors (including two Independent Directors). During the year, four Board Meetings were held on 19th June, 2020, 16th September, 2020, 24th December, 2020 and 24th March, 2021

The details of composition of the Board as at 31.03.2021, the attendance record of the Directors at the Board Meeting and at the last Annual General Meeting (AGM), as also the number of Directorships, Committee Chairmanships and Memberships held by them in other Companies are as follows:



Name of the Director	Meetings attended		Whether attended last AGM held on	Number of Directorships in other Public Companies	Number of Committee positions held in other Public Companies		
			24.12.2020		Member	Chairman	
Shri Ashutosh A.T. Pednekar	Chairman (Part Time)	4	Present	9			
Shri Rakesh Chopra	Managing Director	4	Present	NIL			
Shri Ashok Pathak	Director (Part time)	4	Present	NIL			
Shri A.K. Panda	Director (Part time) (up to 11.08.2020)	1	N.A	NIL			
Smt. Sujata Sharma	Director (Part time) (w.e.f 11.08.2020)	3	Present	3	-		
Shri M.L. Bhargava	Independent Director	4	Present	1			
Shri Nirmal Kumar Jain	Independent Director	4	Present	NIL			

b) Board Procedure:

As a good governance practice and as per the guidance note issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, the Board approves in advance, a tentative schedule of the Board Meetings to be held during the ensuing financial year considering the requirements under applicable laws w.r.t minimum number of meetings and maximum permissible time gap between two consecutive meetings. The Board agenda is circulated to the Directors in advance. The Board meets at regular intervals to discuss and decide on business strategies/policies and review performance of the Company. The Company also offers video conferencing facility to the Directors to enable them to participate as provided under law.

c) Board's Responsibilities:

The Board's mandate is to oversee the Company's strategic direction, review and monitor corporate performance, ensure regulatory compliance and safeguard interests of the shareholders.

d) Audit Committee:

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors is entrusted with the responsibility to supervise the Company's internal controls and financial reporting process. The composition, quorum, powers, role and scope are in accordance with Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013. During the financial year ended 31st March, 2021, four Audit Committee Meetings were held on 19th June, 2020, 16th September, 2020, 24th December, 2020 and 24th March, 2021 respectively. The composition of the Audit Committee and attendance of Directors are given below:

Name of Director	Category
Shri M.L. Bhargava	Chairman
Shri Rakesh Chopra	Managing Director
Shri Ashok Pathak	Director (Part Time)
Shri N.K. Jain	Independent Directo

No. of Audit Committee meetings attended



The terms of reference of the Board Level Audit Committee specified by the Board are in conformity with the requirements of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013.

- 1. Reviw of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible;
- 2. Recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the
- 3. Reviewing, with the management, the Annual Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon before submission to the Board for approval, with particular reference to:
 - Matters required to be included in the Director's Responsibility Statement to be included in the Board's report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section 3 of section 134 of the Companies
 - Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same; ii.
 - Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;
- 4. Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the board for approval;
- 5. Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the board for approval;
- e) Other Committees of Directors:

The Board has constituted the Committees of Directors and delegated powers and responsibilities with respect to specific purposes. The Committees such as Remuneration Committee, CSR Committee, SD Committee, R & D Committee, Ethics Committee and Steering Committee having representation of Independent Director(s). Meeting of these have been duly conducted as and when required. Company has a Whistle Blower Policy where no personnel have been denied access to the audit committee.

MANAGEMENT ANALYSIS AND DISCUSSION

The Management discussion and analysis statements are attached to this report.

HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT:

The Company takes pride in the commitment, competence and dedication of its employees in all areas of the business. The Company has a structured induction process at all locations and management development programs to upgrade skills of employees. Human Resource policies and processes stay relevant to the changing environment and ensure compliance with the changing rules and regulations from time to time.

At the close of financial year 2020-21 the total number of employees on permanent rolls of the company is

Promotion of Hindi Language

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The Company is continuously making vigorous efforts for the propagation and successful implementation of the Official Language Policy. Various competitions, prizes and incentives were declared by the Company for promoting the use of Hindi language in the fortnight long "Hindi Pakhwada". The Companyolius been assigned charge of Chairmanship of Nagar Rajbhasha Karyanvyan Samiti (Uprakm) Jaipur by the Government of Official Language JAIPUR JAIPUR

Corporate Social Responsibility

Your Company believes that Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) plays a major role in the development of the country. Therefore, it has made CSR an integral part of its ethos and culture. The Company undertakes a number of CSR projects every year in accordance with Schedule VII of The Companies Act, 2013. For the financial year 2020-21 the Company has not undertaken any CSR projects due to nonavailability of CSR funds as per the requirement of The Companies (CSR Policy) Rules, 2014. During the year 2020-21, the Company has donated Rs. 6.00 Lakhs in PM Care's relief fund for COVID-19 pandemic.

Right To Information Act, 2005

The Company has complied with the provisions of the Act and has placed the details like – name of Public Information Officer (PIO), Assistant Public Information Officer (APIO) and Appellate Authority on its website.

DIRECTORS RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

To the best of knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations obtained, Directors make the following statement in terms of Section 134(3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013:

- I. that in the preparation of the annual accounts for the financial year ended 31st March, 2021, the applicable Accounting Standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to
- II. that the Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that were reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state period;
- III. that the Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act,2013 for safeguarding the assets of the
- IV. that the annual accounts have been prepared for the financial year ended 31st March, 2021 on a 'going
- V. that the Directors has laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- VI. that the Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

STATUTORY AUDITORS

The Comptroller & Auditor General of India (CAG) has appointed M/s R Sogani & Associates, Jaipur as Statutory Auditors of the Company for the Financial Year 2020-21.

The Auditor's Report is self-explanatory and content of the same is noted for compliance.

COMMENTS OF C&AG

The review of Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021 had been carried out by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India(C&AG). Review and Comments of C&AG forms part of this report.

COST AUDITORS

As per the requirement of Central Government and pursuant to Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014 as amended from time to time, the Board of the year 2021-22.

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES IN TERMS OF SECTION 197(12) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

There was no employee of the Company who received remuneration in excess of the limits prescribed under the Section 197(12) of the Remuneration of Managerial Personnelly Rules, 2014, hence the information may be treated as NIL.

APPRECIATIONS & ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Your Directors would like to express their sincere appreciation for the continued co-operation and support extended to the Company by banks, Government authorities, customers, vendors and members during the year under review. Your Directors gratefully acknowledge the ongoing co-operation and support provided by Central and State Governments and all Regulatory bodies.

The Board also gratefully acknowledges the support and guidance received from various Ministries of the Government of India, particularly the Ministry of Heavy Industries, and from Management of RIICO, for their continued support and guidance.

Your Directors also wish to place on record their sincere appreciation for the diligent efforts, hard work and commitment put in by all REIL employees to take the organization to greater heights.

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

CHAIRMAN

PLACE: Jaipur

DATE: 27/12/201

Annexure to Directors' Report

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

a) CORPORATE OVERVIEW

The focus is on Shaping Rural India through Electronics, Renewable Energy & IT Solutions. REIL provides technology solutions for qualitative & quantitative analysis of milk across all verticals of Dairy Industry sector, addresses needs of the rural and related urban sector through Solar Photo Voltaic, Information Technology & Security Surveillance applications. The Company is also setting up EV Charging Infrastructure to promote e-mobility under FAME India Scheme. REIL products contribute to the social and economic welfare of the rural masses.

b) ECONOMY

COVID-19 pandemic impaired economic activity last year across the board with global growth expected to contract at -3.3% in 2020 as against 2.8% growth in 2019. Contraction of economic activity has been unprecedented but worse has been avoided thanks to the fiscal and the monetary support extended by the authorities across the world. Central banks provided liquidity support along with various credit extension policies to a wide range of borrowers. This was augmented with the government measures to support households and firms through a number of measures, including transfers, wage subsidies, liquidity support and other safety nets such as unemployment insurance and nutrition assistance. All these measures enabled increased momentum of economic activity in the second half of the year. Overall, notwithstanding the second wave of COVID-19, Indian economy, through its resilience, is poised for a recovery in FY2022.

c) Internal control system and its adequacy:

The Company's internal control system ensures efficiency, reliability, completeness of accounting records and timely preparation of reliable financial and management information. In addition, it also ensures compliances of all applicable laws and regulations, optimum utilisation and protection of the Company's assets. In order to ensure that all checks and balances are in place and all internal control system are in order, regular and exhaustive internal audit of various divisions are conducted by experienced firm of Chartered Accountants.

d) Risk management report:

Overview

REIL's Risk management Plan plays a key role in supporting the business to deliver sustainable growth and generating value for its customers, investors, employees and other stakeholders. The Company's approach to addressing business risks is comprehensive and includes periodic review of such risks and a framework for mitigating controls and reporting mechanism of such risks.

Risk Management Practices- The key risk management practices include the following reporting process.

- Risk Identification and Assessment
- Risk Evaluation
- Risk Reporting and Disclosures
- Risk Mitigation and Monitoring
- Integration with Strategy and Business Plan



Risks are governed by the Board of Directors, Managing Director and the heads of concerned departments.

e) Analysis and Review

The Company is holding prominent position in Milk analysing Industry through its customer focused approach by way of ensuring prompt products deliveries and after sales support. The objective has been to satisfy its esteemed customers. The Company has deployed about 4000 Milk Analysis solutions in the year taking cumulative deployment to over 2.45 Lakh.

Designed and developed Milk Producers Mobile Application on android platform to make things easier for producers as well as consumers through digitization and deployed the application for esteemed Milk Producers like Baani, Shreeja, Sakhhi, Asha, Ruhani, Saahaj etc. As of now over 3.5 Lakh farmers are registered on server and over 1 Lakh farmers are using the application and 6.5 Lakh milk producers are registered on 10 MPCs.

Under "Roof top Solar Power Generation Scheme 2019-20" in Rajasthan, received a Rate contract for Design, Supply, Installation, testing, commissioning and maintenance for 5 years for Grid Connected SPV Power Plants with total capacity of 1.5 MW under CFA scheme for Residential Sector. Similar rate contract was signed for Bihar and Uttrakhand. Residential Rooftop Systems in Urban areas worth Rs. 8 Crore were deployed during the year that will be benefiting 456 residents.

The Company has further extended its wings for CSR business in PSUs and executed CSR Projects for various PSUs. During the Year more than 6400 nos. SPV Systems including Lanterns, SLS and Off Grid SPV Power Plants were supplied and installed under CSR activity of PFC and other PSUs and achieved business of Rs. 5.74 Cr from this segment.

The Company rolled out project for 13.092 MW Solar power plants at various sites of different Ministries & Departments across the country under RESCO Model without Incentive Scheme as Project Management Consultant (PMC). This includes 4.5 MW Ground Mounted Solar power plants at HCL, Malajkhand (MP) and 4.8 MW Ground Mounted Solar power plants at Prasar Bharati , New Delhi with virtual net metering.

During the year, the Company has executed several projects under various schemes like Roof Top Schemes, PM - KUSUM Scheme, Smart City Mission, Vidhan Sabha Project and CSR Projects.

The Company as a Nodal Agency under Smart Cities Mission of the government, installed SPV Rooftop systems valuing Rs. 4.31 Crore at 32 nos. buildings. The Company has also been reappointed as State Level Agency (SLA) for Election Department, Rajasthan for Electoral Roll Management for next Five Years.



Form No. MGT-9

EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

As on the financial year ended on 31.03.2021

[Pursuant to section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Companies

(Management and Administration) Rules, 2014

I. REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS

i.	CIN	U51395RJ1981GOI002249
ii.	Registration Date	12 th June, 1981
iii.	Name of the Company	RAJASTHAN ELECTRONICS AND INSTRUMENTS
iv.	Category / Sub-Category of the Company	LIMITED Central Public Sector Enterprise
v.	Whether listed company Yes / No	/Company Limited by shares
vi.	Name, Address and Contact details of Registrar and Transfer Agent, if any	N.A.

II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

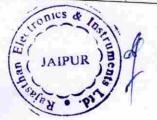
All the business activities contributing 10% or more of the total turnover of the company are given below:-

SL. No.	Name and Description of main products/services Dairy Milk Testing Equipment	NIC Code of the product/service *	% to total turnover of the Company
2.	Solar Photovoltaic Modules / Systems.	measuring, testing, navigating and control	55.57
	Systems.	3510- Electric power generation, transmission and distribution	44.43

^{*} As per National Industrial Classification – Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation

III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

SL.	Name of	Address	CIN/GLN				
No.	Company	of Company	CHVGLN	Holding / Subsidiary/ Associate	% of Shares held	Applicable section	
	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil ·	



IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

(i) Category-wise Share Holding

.

Category of Shareholders	No. of	y	at the beginni year 1-04-2020)	ng of the	No. of Shares held at the end of the year (As on 31-03-2021)				% of change during the	
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of total shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of total	year	
A. Promoters				Shares			-	shares		
(1) Indian a)Individual/HUF b) Central Govt c) State Govt (s)	N.A	6247500	6247500	51%	N.A.	6247500	6247500	51%	0.00	
d) Bodies Corp.	N.A.	6002500	6002500	49%	N.A.	6002500				
e) Banks / FI · f) Any Other				4570	N.A.	6002500	6002500	49%	0.00	
Sub-total (A) (1):-	N.A.	12250000	12250000	100%	N.A.	12250000	12250000	100%	0.00	
(2) Foreign a) NRIs -Individuals b) Other Individuals c) Bodies Corp. d) Banks / FI e) Any Other									0.00	
Sub-total (A) (2):-	N.A.	0	0	0.00	N.A.	0	0	0.00	0.00	
TOTAL SHAREHOLDING OF PROMOTER (A) = (A)(1) + (A)(2)	N.A.	12250000	12250000	100%	N.A.	12250000	12250000	100%	0.00	
B. Public Shareholding										
1. Institutions	N.A.	0	0	0.00	N.A.	0				
a) Mutual Funds b) Banks / FI c) Central Govt d) State Govt(s) c) Venture Capital Funds c) Insurance Companies c) FIIs c) Foreign Venture Capital Funds Others (specify)							0	0.00	0.00	
ub-total (B)(1):-	N.A.	0	0	0.00	N.A.	o Andrew	o B	0.00	0.00	
					an B	AIPUR	9			
					E.	200	1			

2. Non-Institutions	N.A.	0	0	0.00	N.A.	0	0	0.00	0.00
a) Bodies Corp.									
i) Indian						Olas Maria			
ii) Overseas									
b) Individuals	1								
i) Individual			1-						
shareholders								-	
holding nominal			100				-		
share capital upto									1 .
Rs. 1 lakh ii) Individual									
shareholders		4		1				-	
holding			-						
nominal share									
capital in							F -		
excess of Rs 1lakh									
c) Others								Level 1	
Sub-total (B)(2):-									
Total Public	N.A.	0	0	0.00	NT A				
Shareholding	- "			0.00	N.A.	0	0	0.00	0.00
(B)=(B)(1)+						T	1 - 7 - 2		
(B)(2)									
C. Shares held by Custodian for	N.A.	0	0	0.00	N.A.	0			
GDRs & ADRs					2,,,23,	0	0	0.00	0.00
Grand Total	N.A.	12250000	12250053	72.2.2.2.2					-
A+B+C)	1 11211	12230000	12250000	100%	N.A.	12250000	12250000	100%	0.00

(ii) Shareholding of Promoters

SL. No.	Shareholder's Name	year	ing at the be (As on 01-0	ginning of the 4-2020)	Shareholding at the end of the year (As on 31-03-2021)			% change in	
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total	shareholding during the year	
1.	The President of India	6247500	51		6247500	51	shares		
2.	RIICO	6002500	10			2			
	X	0002300	49	٠	6002500	49		≟ ″.	
							.50	÷	
	Total	12250000	100		12250000	100			



(iii) Change in Promoters' Shareholding as on March 31, 2021 (Please specify, if there is no change)

Name	Shareholding at the beginning of the year (As on 01-04-2020)					Cumulative Shareho during the year (01-04-2020 to 31- 2021)	
	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	Date	Increase/ Decrease in Shareholding	Reason	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company
The President of India	6247500	51	31.03.2020	No Char	ıge	6247500	51
Rajasthan State Industrial Development & Investment Corporation Ltd. Jaipur	6002500	49	31.03.2020	No Change		6002500	49

(iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (Other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs)

For Each of	Sharel beginni No. of	nolding at the ng of the year	Cumulative Shareholding during the		
the Top 10 Shareholders At the beginning of the year	shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	
Date wise Increase / Decrease in Share holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase /decrease (e.g. allotment /transfer / bonus / sweat equity etc):			-NIL		
At the End of the year (or on the date of separation, if separated during the year)					

(v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel

For Each of	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
the Directors and KMP At the beginning of the year	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company
Date wise Increase /Decrease in Share holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase				
/decrease (e.g. allotment /transfer / bonus / sweat equity etc):				



V. INDEBTEDNESS Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment

Particulars	Secured Loans excluding	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	(Rs. in Lakh) Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of	deposits			
the financial year	187.19			
i) Principal Amount	167.19	Nil	Nil	187.19
ii) Interest due but not paid	Nil	Nil	Nil	Ni
iii) Interest accrued but not due	Nil	Nil	Nil	Ni
Total (i+ii+iii)	187.19	Nil	Nil	
Change in Indebtedness during			1,11	187.19
the financial year				
• Addition	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Reduction	187.19	Nil	Nil	187.19
Net Change	(107.10)			107.19
	(187.19)	Nil	Nil	(187.19)
Indebtedness at the end of the financial year				
Principal Amount	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
i) Interest due but not paid	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
ii) Interact com. II	Nil			1411
ii) Interest accrued but not due	INII	Nil	Nil	Nil
Cotal (i+ii+iii)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager:

(Rs. in Lakh)

SL. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of Managing Director
1.	Gross salary	Shri Rakesh Chopra
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961	33.56
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-tax Act, 1961	
2.	Stock Option	
3.	Sweat Equity	
4.	Commission	
	- as % of profit	
5.	- others, specify	
<i>.</i>	Others i.e. PF and Pension	
	Total (A)	Onics 4 2.79
		36.35

B. Remuneration to other directors:

(Rs. in Lakh)

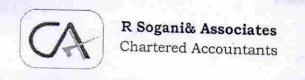
SL. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of Directors		
1.		Shri M.L. Bhargava	Shri Nirmal Kumar	
	Independent Directors • Fee for attending board / committee meetings • Commission • Others, please specify	0.64	Jain 0.64	
	Total (1)	0.64	0.64	
2.	Other Non-Executive Directors • Fee for attending board / committee meetings	Nil	Nil	
	Commission Others, please specify		1 - 1 - A	
	Total (2)	Nil	Nil	
	Total (B)=(1+2)	0.64		
	Total Managerial Remuneration	0.04	0.64	

C. REMUNERATION TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OTHER THAN (Rs. in Lakh)

SL. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Key Managerial Personnel			
1,	Gross salary	CEO	CFO (Shri Subhash Agrawal)	Company Secretary (Shri Amit K. Jain)	Total
	 (a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Incometax Act, 1961 (c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income tax Act, 1961 		29.51	10.62	40.13
2	Stock Option				
	Sweat Equity	Not			
	Commission	Applicable			
	- as % of profit - others, specify			-	1.7
	Others i.e. PF and Pension				
	Total		2.43	0.92	3.35
VII	. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPO		31.94	11.54	13.19

VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES

Type	Section of the	Brief	Details of Penalty /		
	Companies Act	Description	Punishment / Compounding	Authority (RD/ NCLT/ COURT)	Appeal made, if any (give details)
			Fees imposed son	ics & dock1)	details)



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO

THE MEMBERS OF

RAJASTHAN ELECTRONICS & INSTRUMENTS LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

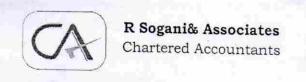
Opinion

We have audited the accompanyingFinancial Statementsof Rajasthan Electronics & Instruments Limited ("the Company") which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31stMarch 2021, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equityand the Cash Flow Statementfor the year ended on that date, and notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Financial Statements give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, "the Act" read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and the other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31,2021, its loss including other comprehensive income, changes in equityand its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevanted out audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act 2013 and the Rules



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thereunder and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to the following:

- (a) Note No. 4.2 to the Financial Statements regarding impairment loss booked of Rs 1.79 croresof wind power project as per Ind AS 36.
- (b) Note No. 4.3 to the financial statements regarding capitalization of Capital work in progress amounting to Rs.18.91 crores (building Rs.14.95 crores and furniture & fixtures, office equipment and computer and printer amounting to Rs.3.95 crores).
- (c) Note No 7.1 wherein certain balances of Trade receivables and Trade payables have not been confirmed. Consequential impact on confirmation/ reconciliation/ adjustment of such balances (which will not be material as per management), if any, is not ascertainable.
- (d) Note No. 8.1 regarding Deferred Tax Assets of Rs. 16.59 crores carried in books of account in view of the reasons stated therein, the realization of which would depend on generation of sufficient profits in the future as anticipated / projected by the management.
- (e) Note No 20.1 with respect to the amount due to M/s Suntech Industries (amount due Rs 31.36 Crores) on account of non-fulfillment of contractual obligations by the vendor.
- (f) Note No 21.1.2 regarding non-disclosure of contingent liability of interest claim by an MSME vendor (M/s Gansun Global Solutions India Private Limited)on an amount of Rs.14.75 lacs as the amount of interest is not ascertainable.
- (g) Note No 26.1& 18.2 which states thatduring the year the Company reassessed its medical expenses reimbursement policy with reference to IND AS 19 and has recognized a defined benefit liability of Rs.2.56 croresas per the actuarial valuation pertaining to the same.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of the above matters.

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Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

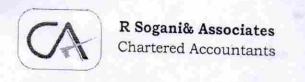
The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation of other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Annual Report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. When we read the Annual Report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to report that fact. On the auditor's report date, we have nothing to report in this regard, as the Annual Report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance includingother comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS)prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended and the accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies.



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making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatementwhether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if individually or in the aggregate they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud reav

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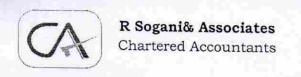
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involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- ii) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- iii) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Board of Directors.
- iv) Conclude on the appropriateness of Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a goingconcern.
- v) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fairpresentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



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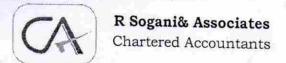
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We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, relatedsafeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. We are enclosing our report in terms of section 143(5) of the Act, on the basis of such checks of the books and records of the company as we considered and according to the information and explanations given to us, in the "Annexure B" on the directions issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India.
- 3. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper Books of Account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of



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those books.

- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Financial Statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Companies (Indian AccountingStandards) Rules, 2015, as amended.
- (e) The provisions of Section 164(2) of the Act in respect of disqualification of directors are not applicable to the company, being a Government Company in terms of notification no. G.S.R.463 (E) dated June 5, 2015 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure C".
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:
 - The provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act, relating to managerial remuneration are not-applicable to the Company, being a Government Company, in terms of Ministry of Corporate Affairs Notification no. G.S.R. 463(E) dated June 5, 2015.
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in financial statement. - Refer Note 21.1 (b) and (c) and Note 36 (G) to the Financial Statements.
 - ii. The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.



R Sogani& Associates Chartered Accountants

"Shree Dham"

R-20, Yudhishter Marg, 'C'-Scheme, Jaipur - 302005

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iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

Place: Jaipur

Date: 21.10.2021

For R Sogani& Associates Chartered Accountants

FRN: 018755C

Sd/-

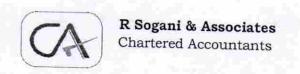
(Bharat Sonkhiya)

Partner

Membership No.: 403023

UDIN:21403023AAABKI7610





R-20, Yudhishter Marg, 'C'-Scheme, Jaipur - 302005

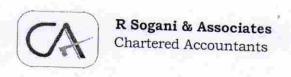
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ANNEXURE 'A' REFERRED TO IN THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE TO THE MEMBERS OF RAJASTHAN ELECTRONICS AND INSTRUMENTS LIMITED, ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2021

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Companies Act, 2013, we report that:

- (i) In respect of Property, Plant and Equipment:
 - (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment on the basis of available information.
 - (b) The Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management during the year at reasonable interval and no material discrepancies were identified on such physical verification.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given by the management, title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the Company.
- (ii) In respect of its inventories:
 - (a) According to information and explanation given to us, the inventory has been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals during the year.
 - (b) According to information and explanation given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.





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(iii) In respect of loans:

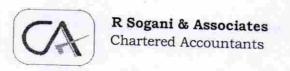
According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms and other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly the provisions of clause 3(iii)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.

- (iv) According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of loans, investments, guarantees and securities, provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 have been complied with in all material aspects.
- (v) According to the audit evidences obtained and information and explanations given to us, the Company has received advances from customers amounting to Rs. 83,58,410 which are outstanding for more than 365 days. Such advances are deemed as deposits in terms of Section 73 of The Companies Act, 2013 and rule 2(1)(c) of The Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014.

(vi) In respect of cost records:

We have been informed that the books of account maintained by the Company are pursuant to the rules prescribed by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of The Companies Act, 2013, related to manufacture of electrical goods and electrical machinery and are of the opinion that prima facie, the prescribed cost records have been maintained. We have not, however, made detailed examination of the records with a view to determine whether they are accurate and complete. We are reporting based on the information

JAIPUR



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provided to us and the report issued by the Cost Auditor for the previous year.

(vii) In respect of statutory dues:

- a. The Company is generally regular in depositing with the undisputed statutory dues, including Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Service Tax, Income-tax, Custom Duty, Excise Duty, Value Added Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Cess and any other statutory dues, as recorded in Books of Account, applicable to the Company. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the year end for a period more than six months from the date they became payable.
- b. According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of Income Tax, Service Tax, Excise Duty, Value Added Tax, Custom Duty and Goods and Service Tax which have not been deposited on account of any dispute except the following:

Name of Act	Nature of the dues	Disputed amount (Rs. in Lakh)	Period to which amount relates	Form where dispute is pending
Central Excise Act	Service Tax	3.82	F.Y. 2009-10 (Vide order dt. 24.07.12)	CESTAT(Custom Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal)

(viii) In respect of repayment of dues:





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In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to banks. The Company does not have any outstanding dues in respect of Financial Institution or debenture holders during the year.

- (ix) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the term loans have been applied by the Company during the year for the purpose for which they were obtained.
- (x) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanation given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees, noticed or reported during the year, nor we have been informed of any such case by the management.
- (xi) In respect of Managerial Remuneration:

The Provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to Government Companies.

(xii) In respect of Nidhi Company:

The Company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, this clause is not applicable to the Company.

(xiii) In respect of Related Parties:

All transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 188 and 177 of The Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details





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have been disclosed in the Financial Statements etc. as required by applicable accounting standards.

(xiv) In respect of Preferential Allotment / Private Placement of Shares:

According to the information and explanations give to us and on an overall examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review and hence, reporting requirement under clause 3(xiv) are not applicable to the company and hence not commented upon.

(xv) In respect of Non-cash transactions with directors:

According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him as referred to in section 192 of The Companies Act, 2013.

(xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For R Sogani & Associates

Chartered Accountants

FRN No. 018755C

Sd/-Bharat Sonkhiya

Partner

Membership No. 403023

Place: Jaipur

Date: 21.10.2021

UDIN:21403023AAABKI7610





R-20, Yudhishter Marg, 'C'-Scheme, Jaipur - 302005

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ANNEXURE - B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE TO THE MEMBERS OF RAJASTHAN ELECTRONICS AND INSTRUMENTS LIMITED, ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2021

Directions issued by the Comptroller &Auditor General of India under Section 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, indicating the areas to be examined by the Statutory Auditors during the course of audit of annual accounts of Rajasthan Electronics &Instruments Limited for the year ended 31st March, 2021:-

S. No.		Action Taken	Impact on IND AS Financial Statements
1	Whether the company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system? If yes, the implications of processing of accounting transactions outside IT system on the integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications, if any, may be stated.	procedures carried out and as per the information and explanations given to us, no accounting transactions have been processed/carried outside the IT system. Accordingly, there	NIL
	Whether there is any restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/write off of debts/loans/interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan? If yes, the financial impact may be stated.	Based on the audit procedures carried out and as per the information and explanations given to us, there was no restructuring of existing loans or cases of waiver/write off of debts/loans/interest etc. made by the lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan.	NIL





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3 Whether funds received/receivable for specific schemes from Central/State agencies were properly accounted for/utilized as per its term and conditions? List the cases of deviation.

Based on the audit | NIL procedures carried out, it was observed that the Company has utilized the government grant on sale of EV Chargers to Tata Power amounting Rs.3.45 crores and the same was reversed because the conditions of Ind AS 20 were not complied with.The sanction is regulated through an online platform **PFMS** wherein the Company's savings account has been registered for transmitting the funds as well as for utilization of funds.

Place: Jaipur

Date: 21.10.2021

For R Sogani & Associates

Chartered Accountants

FRN No. 018755C

Sd/-

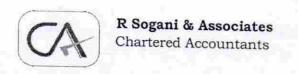
Bharat Sonkhiya

Partner

Membership No. 403023

UDIN: 21403023AAABKI7610





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ANNEXURE - C TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE TO THE MEMBERS OF RAJASTHAN ELECTRONICS AND INSTRUMENTS LIMITED, ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2021

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of RAJASTHAN ELECTRONICS AND INSTRUMENTS LIMITED ("the Company") as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the Company's business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.





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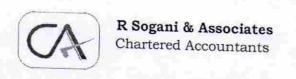
Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.





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Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

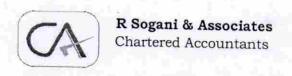
A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- 1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;
- 2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and
- 3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the Financial Statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate

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because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

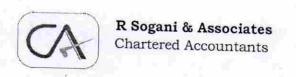
Basis of Qualified Opinion

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit, the following material weaknesses have been identified in the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting as at March 31, 2021:

- (a) Keeping in view the size, nature and complexities of the business, the Company's Internal Audit needs to be strengthened alongwith periodic review of the Financial Statments of the Company.
- (b) The Company do not have an appropriate internal control system for obtaining external confirmation from Trade Receivables and Trade Payables on periodic basis. Hence, the same have not been made available to us and we are unable to comment on the operating effectiveness of this system.
- (c) The Company do not have appropriate system for identification and categorization of its vendors into Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises as required under MSMED Act, 2006 and other related aspects.

A 'material weakness' is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal financial control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.





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Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, maintained adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting as of March 31, 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, and except for the effects/possible effects of the material weaknesses described above on the achievement of the objectives of the control criteria, the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as of March 31, 2021.

We have considered the material weaknesses identified and reported above in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit tests applied in our audit of the March 31, 2021 Financial Statements of the Company, and these material weaknesses do not affect our opinion on the Financial Statements of the Company.

Place : Jaipur

Date: 21.10.2021

For R Sogani & Associates

Chartered Accountants

FRN No. 018755C

Sd/-

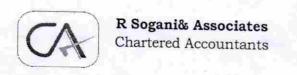
Bharat Sonkhiya

Partner

Membership No. 403023

UDIN: 21403023AAABKI7610





R-20, Yudhishter Marg, 'C'-Scheme, Jaipur - 302005

Tel: 2222734, 2220735, 2220736 E-mail: rsa@soganiprofessionals.com Website: www.soganiprofessionals.com

Compliance Certificate

We have conducted the audit of accounts of Rajasthan Electronics & Instruments Limited for the year ended 31st March 2021 in accordance with the Directions/Sub-Directions issued by the Comptroller & Auditor General (C&AG) of India under section 143(5) of The Companies Act,2013 and certify that we have complied with all the Directions/Sub-Directions issued to us.

Place: Jaipur

Date: 21.10.2021

For R Sogani & Associates

Chartered Accountants

FRN No. 018755C

Sd/-

Bharat Sonkhiya

Partner

Membership No. 403023



COMMENTS OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL OF INDIA UNDER SECTION 143(6)(b) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF RAJASTHAN ELECTRONICS & INSTRUMENTS LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2021

The preparation of financial statements of Rajasthan Electronics & Instruments Limited for the year ended 31 March 2021 in accordance with the financial reporting framework prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 (Act) is the responsibility of the management of the company. The statutory auditor appointed by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India under section 139(5) of the Act is responsible for expressing opinion on the financial statements under section 143 of the Act based on independent audit in accordance with the standards on auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act. This is stated to have been done by them vide their Report dated 21 October, 2021.

I, on behalf of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, have conducted a supplementary audit of the financial statements of Rajasthan Electronics and Instruments Limited for the year ended 31 March, 2021 under section 143(6)(a) of the Act. This supplementary audit has been carried out independently without access to the working papers of the statutory auditor and is limited primarily to inquiries of the statutory auditor and company personnel and a selective examination of some of the accounting records.

On the basis of my supplementary audit nothing significant has come to my knowledge which would give rise to any comment upon or supplement to statutory auditor's report under section 143(6)(b) of the Act.

For and on behalf of the Comptroller & Auditor General of India

Place: New Delhi Dated: 09.12.2021 Sd/-(Vidhu Sood) Principal Director of Audit (Industry & Corporate Affairs) New Delhi



EMAIL-fin_acct@reiljp.com

BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2021

Particulars		(All amounts in ₹, unles	
ASSETS	Notes	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
I. Non-current Assets			
a) Property, plant and equipment		7231223	
b) Capital work-in-progress	4 4	32,56,88,578	17,97,72,4
c) Intangible assets	1 **		18,91,03,0
(i) Technical Know How	5		
d) Financial assets	"	-	
(i) Trade receivables (ii) Other financial assets	6	0.44.00.555	
e) Deffered Tax Asset (Net)	9A	2,44,98,656 1,09,57,037	3,05,23,3
f) Other non-current assets	8	16,58,72,977	69,34,3
Total Non-current Assets	12A	65,929	10,26,24,9
		52,70,83,177	4,57,6 50,94,15,6
I. Current Assets			17-1,20,0
a) Inventories	10		
b) Financial assets	10	23,20,08,445	27,15,53,8
(i)Trade receivables	7		
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	11	1,75,73,96,749	1,79,64,29,3
(iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above (iv) Other financial assets	11A	8,67,06,967	12,54,29
Current tax assets	9B	1,76,83,760	3,41,46,47
I) Other current assets	13	3,16,59,427	4,31,45,65
otal Current Assets	12B	6,55,80,687	4,66,93,35
		82,83,034 2,19,93,19,069	4,26,41,23
otal Assets (I + II)			2,23,58,64,20
0.11.		2,72,64,02,246	2,74,52,79,89
QUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity			
Equity share capital Other Equity	14	25-21	
otal Equity	15	12,25,00,000	12,25,00,000
ABILITIES	15	68,83,72,331	81,68,15,418
Non-current Liabilities		81,08,72,331	93,93,15,418
Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	1 1		
(ii) Trade payables	16A		
(A) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	1 1		60,53,258
	20A		
	20A	37,08,996	
Provisions			39,37,203
Other non-current liabilities	18A	2,72,91,990	
tal Non-current Liabilities	19A	2,88,86,633	26,79,999
		5,98,87,619	2,69,60,356 3,96,30,816
Current liabilities			3,90,30,816
Financial liabilities	1 1		
Borrowings	The second		
Trade payables	16B		9,74,59,347
(A) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises			2177,09,047
	20B	37,98,79,974	32,65,87,971
	20B	1,05,24,66,593	1,02,55,45,400
Other financial liabilities	1		3,00,10,10,400
ther current liabilities	17	3,08,35,414	4,16,65,284
rovisions	19B		11-00-00-00-0
	18B	31,42,03,203	21,51,81,370
Current Liabilities	102	7,82,57,112	5,98,94,285
		1,85,56,42,296	
otal Liabilities (II + III)		. ,, 12,250	1,76,63,33,657
Equity and 72-1994		1,91,55,29,915	1,80,59,64,473
Equity and Liabilities (I + IV) ccompanying notes to the Financial Statements (1-36)			1,00,09,04,473
manying notes to the Pinancial Co.		2,72,64,02,246	2,74,52,79,891

our separate report of even date

For R Sogani & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN 018755C

Sd/-(BHARAT SONKHIYA)

Partner

M. No. 403023

Place : Jaipur Date : 21.10.2021

UDIN: 21403023AAABKI7610

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-(Ashok Pathak) Director DIN: 06948918

Sd/-(Rakesh Chopra) Managing Director DIN: 08732688

Sd/-(Amit Kumar Jain) Company Secretary

Sd/-(Subhash Agrawal) Chief Financial Officer

tonics &

CIN - U51395RJ1981GOI002249

EMAIL-fin_acct@reiljp.com

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(All amounts in ₹ unless

I.	Particulars	Notes	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
II.	Revenue from Operations Other income	22	1,47,44,20,173	1,10,91,30,45
III.		23	1,22,12,999	1,20,77,586
IV.	Total Income (I + II) Expenses		1,48,66,33,172	1,12,12,08,040
	Cost of material consumed			
	Change in inventories of finished goods	24	81,84,48,531	67,29,37,79
	Employee benefits expense	25	50,74,332	(6,17,27,33
	Finance costs	26	35,31,69,447	35,28,35,48
		27	1,47,76,219	1,32,04,146
	Depreciation, Impairment and amortisation expenses Other expenses	28	4,36,08,080	1,83,26,997
	Total expenses	29	44,20,50,925	41,93,07,245
		F	1,67,71,27,534	1,41,48,84,33
	Profit / (Loss) before exceptional items and tax (III-IV) Add: Exceptional items		(19,04,94,362)	(29,36,76,297
J.	Profit / (Loss) before tax			(25,00,70,297
л.	Less: Tax expense		(19,04,94,362)	(29,36,76,297
9787	1. Current tax	30		(29,30,76,297
	2. Provision Reversal			
	4. Deferred tax		2,50,784	/O 10 01 00=
	Total Tax Expense		(6,29,72,579)	(2,13,01,825
'nΙ.	Profit / (Loss) for the year (V - VI)		(6,27,21,795)	(10,17,11,146
TII.	Other Comprehensive Income		(12,77,72,567)	(12,30,12,971)
	A (i) Items that will		(==,::,:2,:007)	(17,06,63,326)
	A (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
	(a) Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans		(9,45,994)	
	B (i) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		2,75,474	(1,52,75,462)
			2,70,474	44,48,214
	Total other comprehensi			
ζ.	Total comprehensive income (VIII=A (i)+B(i))		(6,70,520)	72.22
	Total comprehensive income for the year (VIII-VIII)		(12,84,43,087)	(1,08,27,248)
	Parniage	-	(12,07,70,087)	(18,14,90,574)
	Earnings per equity share	31		
	(1) Basic (in Rs.)			
- 7	(2) Diluted (in Rs.)		(10.43)	(13.93)
7	See accompanying notes to the Financial Statements (1-36)		(10.43)	(13.93)

As per our separate report of even date

For R Sogani & Associates Chartered Accountants

FRN 018755C

Sd/-(BHARAT SONKHIYA)

Partner M. No. 403023

Place : Jaipur Date: 21.10.2021

UDIN: 21403023AAABKI7610

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-(Ashok Pathak) Director DIN: 06948918

Sd/-(Rakesh Chopra) Managing Director DIN: 08732688

Sd/-

(Amit Kumar Jain) Company Secretary Sd/-

(Subhash Agrawal) Chief Financial Officer



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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	in ₹, unless otherwise state		
A. Cash flows from operating activities	2021	Year ended March 31, 202		
Profit/(Loss) for the year				
Adjustments for:	(12,77,72,567)			
Income tay expense manufact	(*2,77,72,567)	(17,06,63,32		
Income tax expense recognised in profit or loss Allowances for bad debts	16 07 01 700			
Loss/profit on select	(6,27,21,795)	(12,30,12,97		
Loss/(profit) on sale of property, plant and equipment Assets Written Back	7,21,57,016	9,07,92,13		
Penolty As I at Co	6,34,102			
Penalty Ag. Late Supply- SPV	2,35,673			
Finance costs recognised in profit or loss	1,79,69,912			
Interest income recognised in profit or loss	1,47,76,219	1,32,04,146		
Depreciation and amortisation	(1,00,29,622)	(1,13,46,44		
Impairment of assets	2,56,67,798	1,83,26,997		
Cash generated from operations before working capital changes	1,79,40,282	1,03,20,99		
	(5,11,42,982)	/10.04		
(Increase) / Decrease in trade receivables	3.55 / 3.55	(18,26,99,460		
[Increase] / Decrease in other assets	(2,70,99,782)			
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories	4,08,54,828	91,52,21.40		
Increase/ (Decrease) in trade payables	3,95,45,431	(1,98.72.93)		
Increase/(Decrease) in provisions	7.00.94.000	(7,70,01.40)		
Increase/(Decrease) in other payables	7,99,84,989	(52,61,01,58		
n other payables	4,29,74,818	(1.01,16.36)		
Cash generated from operations	9,01,18,241	(11.03.63.05		
Income Taxes Paid	26,63,78,525	17,17,66,062		
Net cash generated by operating activities	21,52,35,543 (2,02,32,743)	(1,09,33,398		
	19,50,02,800	(3,70,74,244		
Cash flows from investing activities	12,00,02,800	(4,80,07,642		
Payments for property, plant and equipment				
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment				
Interest Income	(13,74,842)	(5,65,41,137)		
	83,918	1,47,824		
Net cash (used in)/generated by investing activities	1,00,29,622	87,09,173		
Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from Borrowings	87,38,698	(4,76,84,140)		
Personnel Ci				
Repayment of borrowings		9,74,59,347		
Dividends paid on equity shares	(10,35,12,605)	(1,25,00,000)		
Dividend Tax Paid Finance cost paid		(2,45,00,000)		
	1			
Net (used in)/ generated in financing activities	(1,47,76,219)	(50,36,030)		
	(11,82,88,824)	(1,55,49,889)		
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(-1,02,00,024)	3,98,73,428		
	8,54,52,674			
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year*	0,04,02,074	(5,58,18,354)		
ovanimity of the year*	12,54,293			
ash and cash equivalents at the end of the year*	12,04,293	5,70,72,647		
of the year*	8,67,06.967			

Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents

Particulars		
Cash and cash equivalents as per Cash Flow Statement	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Difference Cash and cash equivalents as per Balance Sheet (Refer Note No. 11)	8,67,06,967	12,54,293
*Cash and cook	8,67,06,967	12.54.202

^{*}Cash and cash equivalents include other bank balances as per Note 11

- 1 The above cash flow statement prepared under the "indirect method" as set out in the Ind AS 7 "Cash flow statement".
- 2 Figures for previous year have been regrouped wherever necessary for uniformity in presentation.
- 3 Brackets indicate cash outflow.
- 4 Cash & cash equivalents includes the Grant of Rs 8,15,08,000 which is not available for use in normal business operations

See accompanying notes to the Financial Statements (1-36)

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For R Sogani & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN 018755C

Sd/-(BHARAT SONKHIYA) Partner M. No. 403023

Place : Jaipur Date: 21.10.2021 UDIN: 21403023AAABKI7610

Sd/-(Ashok Pathak) Director DIN: 06948918

Sd/-(Rakesh Chopra) Managing Director DIN: 08732688

Sd/-

Sd/-

(Amit Kumar Jain) Company Secretary

(Subhash Agrawal) Chief Financial Officer

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Statement of changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2021 [All amounts in $\overline{\epsilon}$, unless otherwise stated) **Equity share capital** No of shares Amount Balance as at 01.04.2019 Period ended Changes in equity share capital during the year 1,22,50,000 12,25,00,000 Balance as at 31.03.2020 Changes in equity share capital during the year 1,22,50,000 12,25,00,000 Balance as at 31.03.2021 1,22,50,000 12,25,00,000

b. Other equity	Reserves	Items of other comprehensive		
Balance as at March 31, 2020	General reserve	Retained earnings	Remeasurement of Net Defined Benefit	Total
Profit/(Loss) for the year	81,23,45,363	2,82,55,458	Plan (2.27.95.400)	
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax		(12,77,72,567)	(2,37,85,403)	81,68,15,41
Total comprehensive income for the year			(6,70,520)	(12,77,72,56
Payment of dividends		(12,77,72,567)		(6,70,52
Tax on Dividend			(6,70,520)	(12,84,43,08
Transfer from General Reserve	- 1			
Balance as at March 31, 2021	(13,00,00,000)	13,00,00,000		
	68,23,45,363	3,04,82,891	10 11 -	
		5,54,62,891	(2,44,55,923)	68,83,72,33

b. Other equity	Reserves	Items of other comprehensive		
Balance as at March 31, 2019	General reserve	Retained earnings	income Remeasurement of Net Defined Benefit	Total
Profit for the year	1,02,23,45,363	1,84,54,814	Plan	
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax		(17,06,63,326)	(1,29,58,155)	1,02,78,42,02
comprehensive income for the year		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	(1,08,27,248)	(17,06,63,32
Payment of dividends		(17,06,63,326)		(1,08,27,24
Tax on Dividend		(2,45,00,000)	(1,08,27,248)	(18,14,90,57
Transfer from General Reserve		(50,36,030)		(2,45,00,00
Salance as at March 31, 2020	(21,00,00,000)	21,00,00,000	Mark to the second	(50,36,03
See accompanying notes to the Financial Statements (1-36)	81,23,45,363			
mailciai Statements (1-36)		2,82,55,458	(2,37,85,403)	81,68,15,41

As per our separate report of even date

For R Sogani & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN 018755C Sd/-

(BHARAT SONKHIYA) Partner M. No. 403023

Place : Jaipur Date : 21.10.2021

UDIN: 21403023AAABKI7610

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-(Ashok Pathak) Director

DIN: 06948918

Sd/-

(Rakesh Chopra) Managing Director DIN: 08732688

Sd/-

(Amit Kumar Jain) Company Secretary Sd/-

(Subhash Agrawal) Chief Financial Officer



RAJASTHAN ELECTRONICS AND INSTRUMENTS LIMITED 2, KANAKPURA INDUSTRIAL AREA, JAIPUR-302034, RAJASTHAN CIN - U51395RJ1981G0I002249 EMAIL-fin_acct@reiljp.com

General Information & Significant Accounting Policies forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

1. General information:

Rajasthan Electronics & Instruments Limited, Jaipur (REIL) is incorporated and domiciled in India having registered office at 2, Kanakpura Industrial Area, Sirsi Road, Jaipur. The Company is a joint venture between the Government of India (51% shareholding) and Government of Rajasthan through Rajasthan State Industrial Development and Investment Corporation Ltd., Jaipur (RIICO) with share holding of 49%.

The Company was incorporated on 12th June, 1981 and falls under the administrative control of Ministry of Heavy Industries and Public Enterprises, Government of India and is a Mini Ratna PSU. REIL is in the business of Electronic Milk Analyzers and Solar Energy Equipment with minor interest in Wind Power, Information Technology, Industrial Electronics and Electric Vehicle Charging Station.

2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards. There is no such notification which would have been applicable from April 1, 2021.

3. Significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies are set out below:

3.1 Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended from time to time.



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3.2 Basis of preparation and presentation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS'), including the rules notified under the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, amended from time to time.

The Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for following assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value amount:

- i. Certain Financial Assets and Liabilities,
- ii. Defined Benefit Plans Plan Assets

The financial statements have been prepared on accrual and going concern basis. The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements.

Current and Non-Current Classification: The Company presents assets and liabilities in the Balance Sheet based on Current/Non-Current classification.

An asset is treated as Current when it is -

- i. Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- ii. Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- iii. Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- iv. Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- i. It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- ii. It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- iii. It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- iv. There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.



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3.3 Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. The principal accounting estimates used have been described under the relevant income/expense and/or asset/liability item in these financial statements. The Management believes that the estimates used in the preparation of these Financial Statements are prudent and reasonable. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

3.4 Property, plant and equipment

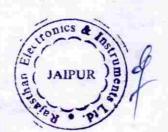
Property, plant and equipment acquired by the Company are reported at acquisition cost, with deductions for accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any.

The acquisition cost includes the purchase price (excluding refundable taxes) and expenses, such as delivery and handling costs, installation, legal services and consultancy services, directly attributable to bringing the asset to the site and in working condition for its intended use.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Freehold land is not depreciated. Leasehold land is amortized over the life of the lease.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost less their residual values over their useful lives as specified in the Schedule II of the Companies Act 2013, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis. Assets costing ₹ 5,000 or less are fully depreciated in the year of purchase.



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An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss.

Property, plant and equipment which are not ready for intended use as on the date of Balance Sheet are disclosed as "Capital work-in-progress"

3.5 Intangible Assets

Intangible Assets are stated at cost of acquisition net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebates less accumulated amortization/depletion and impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes purchase price, borrowing costs, and any cost directly attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost can be measured reliably.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite. Finite-life intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the period of their expected useful lives.

The estimated useful life of an identifiable intangible asset is based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition, and other economic factors (such as the stability of the industry, and known technological advances), and the level of maintenance expenditures required to obtain the expected future cash flows from the asset.

The amortization period and the amortization method for finite-life intangible assets is reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an Intangible Asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognized.

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Software product development costs are expensed as



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incurred unless technical and commercial feasibility of the project is demonstrated, future economic benefits are probable, the company has as intention and ability to complete and use or sell the software and the costs can be measured reliably. The costs which can be capitalized include the cost of material, direct labour, overhead cost that are directly attributable to preparing the asset for its intended use

3.6 Impairment of tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its Property Plant and Equipment and intangible assets or group of Assets, called Cash Generating Unit (CGU) to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of anasset or CGU is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the CGU to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss to the extent, asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value in use. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risk specific to the assets.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually, or whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case, the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase.



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3.7 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. However, materials and other items held for use in the production of inventories are not written down below cost if the finished products in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost. Cost is computed on a FIFO basis, Cost of finished goods and work-in-progress include all costs of purchases, conversion costs and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Cost of inventories comprises of all cost of conversion and other cost incurred in bringing them to their respective present location and condition and valued on the basis of FIFO method.

The net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

The inventory in which no transactions of purchases/sales/consumption occurred during the financial year are classified as non moving inventory whereas the inventories in which less than 20% transactions occurred are classified as slow moving inventory. These inventories are identified on the year end and accordingly written down to the twenty percent of its value. However, if realizable value is higher than the actual cost than, no impact is taken

3.8 Revenue Recognition

- According to Ind AS 115 which establishes a comprehensive framework for determining whether, how much and when revenue is to be recognized.
- The Company recognizes revenue from contracts with customers when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring promised good or service to a customer. The revenue is recognized to the extent of transaction price allocated to the performance obligation satisfied. Performance obligation is satisfied over time when the transfer of control of asset (good or service) to a customer is done over time and in other cases, performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time. For performance obligation satisfied over time, the revenue recognition is done by measuring the progress towards complete satisfaction of performance obligation.

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- Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, adjusted for
 volume discounts, service level credits, performance bonuses, price concessions and
 incentives, if any, as specified in the contract with the customer. Revenue also excludes
 taxes collected from customers.
- Transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Company expects it to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer excluding amounts collected on behalf of a third party. Variable consideration is estimated using the expected value method or most likely amount as appropriate in a given circumstance. Payment terms agreed with a customer are as per business practice and the financing component, if significant, is separated from the transaction price and accounted as interest income.
- Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when all the significant risks and rewards of ownership in the goods are transferred to the buyer as per the terms of the contract, there is no continuing managerial involvement with the goods and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. The Company retains no effective control of the goods transferred to a degree usually associated with ownership and no significant uncertainty exists regarding the amount of the consideration that will be derived from the sale of goods. Revenue is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable, after deduction of any trade discounts, volume rebates and any taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government which are levied on sales such as Goods and Service Tax etc
- Revenue from services rendered is recognized based on agreements/ arrangements with the
 customers, over time by measuring the progress towards complete satisfaction of performance
 obligations at the reporting period and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.



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Use of significant judgments in revenue recognition

- The Company's contracts with customers could include promises to transfer multiple
 products and services to a customer. The Company assesses the products / a service
 promised in a contract and identifies distinct performance obligations in the contract.
 Identification of distinct performance obligation involves judgment to determine the
 deliverables and the ability of the customer to benefit independently from such
 deliverables.
- The Company uses judgment to determine an appropriate standalone selling price for a performance obligation. The Company allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation on the basis of the relative standalone selling price of each distinct product or service promised in the contract. Where standalone selling price is not observable, the Company uses the expected cost plus margin approach to allocate the transaction price to each distinct performance obligation.
- The Company exercises judgment in determining whether the performance obligation
 is satisfied at a point in time or over a period of time. The Company considers
 indicators such as how customer consumes benefits as services are rendered or who
 controls the asset as it is being created or existence of enforceable right to payment
 for performance to date and alternate use of such product or service ,transfer of
 significant risks and rewards to the customer, acceptance of delivery by the customer,
 etc.

Interest Income

Interest Income from a Financial Assets is recognised using effective interest rate method.

3.9 Employee Benefits

Retirement benefit costs and termination benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognized as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.



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For defined benefit retirement benefit plans, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each annual reporting period. Re-measurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the changes to the asset ceiling (if applicable) and the return on plan assets (excluding net interest), is reflected immediately in the balance sheet with a charge or credit recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement recognized in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to profit or loss.

Past service cost is recognized in profit or loss in the period of a plan amendment. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate at the beginning of the period to the net defined benefit liability or asset.

Defined benefit costs are categorized as follows:

- •service cost (including current service cost, past service cost, as well as gains and losses on curtailments) and
- ·net interest expense or income; and
- ·re-measurement

The Company presents the first two components of defined benefit costs in profit or loss in the line item 'Employee benefits expense'. Curtailment gains and losses are accounted for as past service costs.

The retirement benefit obligation recognized in the balance sheet represents the actual deficit or surplus in the Company's defined benefit plans. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plans or reductions in future contributions to the plans. A liability for a termination benefit is recognized at the earlier of when the entity can no longer withdraw the offer of the termination benefit and when the entity recognizes any related restructuring costs.



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Short-term and other long-term employee benefits

The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognised as an expense during the period when the employees render the services.

Liabilities recognized in respect of other long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows expected to be made by the Company in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date.

3.10 Financial instruments

Financial Assets:

Financial assets are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is recognized at fair value, in case of financial assets which are recognized at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), its transaction cost is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. In other cases, the transaction cost isadjusted to the Fairvalue of the Financial Asset.

Financial assets are subsequently classified as measured at:

- Amortized cost
- Fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)
- Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their recognition, except if and in the period the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

Trade Receivables and Loans:

Trade receivables and loans are initially recognized at fair value. Subsequently, these assets are held at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate (EIR) method net of any expected credit losses. The EIR is the rate that discounts estimated future cash income through the expected life of financial instrument.

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Debt Instruments:

Debt instruments are initially measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ('FVOCI') or fair value through profit or loss ('FVTPL') till derecognition on the basis of

- (I) The entity's business model for managing the financial assets and
- (ii) The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

(a) Measured at amortized cost:

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest, are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate ('EIR') method less impairment, if any.

The amortization of EIR and loss arising from impairment, if any is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(b) Measured at fair value through other comprehensive income:

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both, selling financial assets and collecting contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest, are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). Interest income measured using the EIR method and impairment losses, if any are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. On derecognition, cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from the equity to 'other income' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(c) Measured at fair value through profit or loss:

A financial asset not classified as either amortized cost or FVOCI, is classified s FVTPL. Such financial assets are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value, including interest income and dividend income if any, recognized as 'other income' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.



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Derecognition of Financial Asset

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the asset.

Impairment of Financial Asset

- Expected credit losses are recognized for all financial assets subsequent to initial recognition other than financials assets in FVTPL category.
- For financial assets other than trade receivables, as per Ind AS 109, the Company recognizes 12 month expected credit losses for all originated or acquired financial assets if at the reporting date the credit risk of the financial asset has not increased significantly since its initial recognition.
- The expected credit losses are measured as lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on financial asset increases significantly since its initial recognition.
- For trade receivables Company applies 'simplified approach' which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognized from initial recognition of the receivables. The Company uses historical default rates to determine impairment loss on the portfolio of trade receivables. At every reporting date these historical default rates are reviewed and changes in the forward looking estimates are analyzed.
- The impairment losses and reversals are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial Liabilities:

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities are initially measured at the amortized cost unless at initial recognition, they are classified as fair value through profit and loss. In case of trade payables, they are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently, these liabilities are held at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method.

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Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR method. Financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit and loss is measured at fair value with all changes in fair value recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Derecognition of Financial Liability

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

3.11 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- · In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.



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All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3— Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

3.12Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.



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When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example, under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pretax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

3.13 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

All other borrowing costs are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they are incurred.

3.14 Income Taxes

Income tax expense for the year comprises of current tax and deferred tax. It is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent it relates to an item which is recognized directly in Other Comprehensive Income.

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Current tax is the expected tax payable/receivable on the taxable income/ loss for the year using applicable tax rates at the Balance Sheet date, and any adjustment to taxes in respect of previous years. Interest income/expense and penalty, if any, related to income tax is included in current tax expense.

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax lossescan be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle the asset and the liability on a net basis. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.



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3.15 Foreign Currency Transaction

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency closing rates of exchange at the reporting date.

Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent of exchange differences which are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on foreign currency borrowings that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets, are capitalized as cost of assets.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are recorded using the exchange rates at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognized in OCI or Statement of Profit and Loss are also recognized in OCI or Statement of Profit and Loss, respectively).

3.16 Government Grant

The Government Grants (Grant in Aid) are accounted for in accordance with Ind-AS 20. The entity shall consider the conditions and obligations that have been, or must be, met when identifying the costs for which the benefit of the Grant is intended to compensate

Government grants are not recognized until there is reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received. Government grants are recognized in Statement of profit and loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Company recognizes as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants whose primary condition is that the company should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets are recognized as deferred revenue in the Balance sheet and transferred to Statement of profit and loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

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3.17 Leases

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if it conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Company as Lessee

Right-of-Use (ROU) assets are recognised at inception of a contract or arrangement for significant lease components at cost less lease incentives, if any. ROU assets are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The cost of ROU assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct cost incurred and lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date. ROU assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and estimated useful lives of the underlying assets on a straight line basis. Lease term is determined based on consideration of facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not to exercise a termination option. Lease payments associated with short-term leases and low value leases are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

The Company recognizes lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made on the date of recognition of the lease. Such lease liabilities do not include variable lease payments (that do not depend on an index or a rate), which are recognised as expense in the periods in which they are incurred. Interest on lease liability is recognised using the effective interest method. Lease liabilities are subsequently increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. The carrying amount of lease liabilities is also remeasured upon modification of lease arrangement or upon change in the assessment of the lease term. The effect of such remeasurements is adjusted to the value of the ROU assets.



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3.18 Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax for the period attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period and for all periods presented is adjusted for events, such as bonus shares, other than the conversion of potential equity shares that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

3.19 Non-Current assets held for Sale

Non-current assets are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the asset is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sales of such asset and its sale is highly probable. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

Non-current assets held for sale are neither depreciated nor amortized.

Non-current assets classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell and are presented separately in the Balance Sheet.

3.20 Dividends

Dividends paid (including income tax thereon) are recognised in the period in which the interim dividends are approved by the Board of Directors, or in respect of the final dividend when approved by shareholders.



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3.21 Cash & Bank Balances

Cash and Cash Equivalents in the Balance Sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and Bank deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Cash and bank balances also include fixed deposits, margin money deposits, earmarked balances with banks and other bank balances which have restrictions on repatriation. Short term and liquid investments being subject to more than insignificant risk of change in value, are not included as part of cash and cash equivalents.

3.22 Operating Segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker (CODM). The CODM, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Corporate Management Committee.

Segments are organized based on businesses which have similar economic characteristics as well as exhibit similarities in nature of products and services offered, the nature of production processes, the type and class of customer and distribution methods.

Segment revenue arising from third party customers is reported on the same basis as revenue in the financial statements. Inter-segment revenue is reported on the basis of transactions which are primarily market led. Segment results represent profits before finance charges, unallocated corporate expenses and taxes.

"Unallocated Corporate Expenses" include revenue and expenses that relate to initiatives/costs attributable to the enterprise as a whole.



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3.23 Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, where by profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

3.24 Prior Period Errors

Prior period errors include omissions and misstatements arising from a failure to use reliable information that was available or could have been obtained when financial statements for those periods were approved for issue.

Material prior period errors relating to the last comparative period will be shown by restating the comparative figures of Balance sheet and Statement of Profit and loss, wherever necessary. Thus, it will be disclosed in the comparative financial statements as if the error had not even occurred.

3.25 Event after reporting period

The 'events after the reporting period' are classified into two categories:

- Adjusting Events: Adjusting events are those that provide evidence of conditions that
 existed at the end of the reporting period; and
- Non Adjusting Events: Non-adjusting events are those that are indicative of conditions that arose after the reporting period



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Amounts recognised in financial statements are adjusted to reflect adjusting events after the reporting period. Amounts recognised in financial statements are not adjusted to reflect non-adjusting events after the reporting period. If non-adjusting events after the reporting period are material, then such events are disclosed along with the nature of the event and an estimate of its financial effect.

For R Sogani & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN 018755C

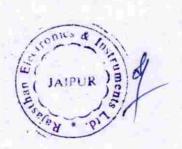
Sd/-(BHARAT SONKHIYA) Partner M. No. 403023

Place: Jaipur Date: 21.10.2021 For and on the Behalf of Board of Directors

Sd/-(Ashok Pathak) Director DIN: 06948918

Sd/-(Amit Kumar Jain) Company Secretary Sd/-(Rakesh Chopra) Managing Director DIN: 08732688

Sd/-(Subhash Agrawal) Chief Financial Officer



Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 (Contd.) Note : 4 Tangible Assets Current Year

MATCHING (1924-1924)		Co	ost or Deemed cost				published a second seco						unless otherwise stated)		
Particulars	Balance as at April 1,	Additions	NOW I	7	NAMES OF TAXABLE PARTY.	7.25	A	ccumulated deprecia	ation and impairmen	it			ng Amount		
Property plant and equipment	2020	Additions	Additions	nuclions	Adjustments	Disposals	Balance at March 31, 2021	April 1, 2020	Adjustments	Depreciation expense	Impairment	Disposais	Balance at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2021	As at Murch 31 , 2020
Vehicles	31,81,050														
Road, Drains & water supply	27,31,764			5,86,322	25,94,728	17,84,777		2.00.101							
Building	3,43,12,221	14.00.04.040			27,31,764	25,95,175		3,08,124	-	5,57,005	15,35,896	10,58,832	13,96,273		
Furniture and fixtures	1,26,08,543	14,95,31,045			18,38,43,266	1,60,46,833		-			25,95,175	1,36,589	1,36,589		
Office Equipment	99,83,020	3,07,19,034			4,33,27,577	1,02,53,381		55,87,948			2,16,34,781	16,22,08,485	1,82,65,388		
Wind Power Project	5,80,00,000	96,37,854			1,96,20,874	80,50,775	-	34,09,311			1,36,62,692	2,96,64,885	23,55,161		
Temporary Structure	26,13,392	- 4			5,80,00,000	3,49,17,180		12,65,031			93,15,806	1,03,05,068	19,32,245		
Plant and machinery-Imported	16,35,90,518	(*)			26,13,392	26,13,392	-	22,42,536	1,79,40,282		5,50,99,998	29,00,002	2,30,82,820		
		724		1,15,45,189	15,20,45,329	7,20,50,790					26,13,392				
Plant and machinery-Indigenous	5,11,80,436		28,04,940	10.70 474	SECULIAR DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON OF THE PE			94,13,542		1,09,67,930	7,04,96,402	8,15,48,927	9,15,39,728		
Computer and Printers	2,38,79,028	5,90,000	45,566	10,72,676	4,73,02,820	2,53,99,908	26,14,834	24,19,995		9,99,500	2,42,05,569	2,30,97,251	- Hay Photestown		
Leasehold Premises			+3,366	2,71,640	2,41,51,822	1,97,44,448		8,92,746		2,33,372	2,04,03,822		2,57,80,527		
and	1,27,27,973							2/20/110		2,33,372	2,04,03,822	37,48,000	41,34,580		
Subtotai	37,48,07,945	19,04,77,933	-		1,27,27,973	15,78,867		1,28,565		A1 1 1					
		13,04,17,933	28,50,506	1,34,75,827	54,89,59,545	19,50,35,528	26,14,834	2,56,67,798	1 00 40 000	-	17,07,432	1,10,20,541	1,11,49,106		
Capital work-in-progress	18,91,03,090		18,91,03,090					2,30,07,798	1,79,40,282	1,27,57,807	22,32,70,967	32,56,88,578	17,97,72,417		
otal	56,39,11,035	19,04,77,933	19,19,53,596	1 24 75 000								1	18,91,03,090		
1 Company is availing fund / non-fun	d based limits from Punjab Nati	onal Bank, secured by	way of theatheastic	1,04,75,827	54,89,59,545	19,50,35,528	26,14,834	2,56,67,798	1,79,40,282	1,27,57,807	22,32,70,967	32,56,88,578	36,88,75,507		

ted goods and book debts and further collateraly secured by first charge over fixed and movable Capital Assets of the Company.

4.2 The wind power project has remained idle for many years so in accordance with IND AS 36, "Impairment of Assets", The company has performed impairment testing and the recoverable amount of Wind Power Project was found to be significantly less than the carrying amount of asset. Thus the Carrying amount of Wind power 4.3 As on 01/04/20, development of building and furniture and fixtures was completed for the intended use of the company. Hence, Capital Work in Progress of Rs 18,91,03,090 is capitalised in building amounting to Rs 14,95,31,045 and in Furniture & Fixtures , office equipment and computers & printers amounting to Rs

4.4 The leasehold land includes 40000 Sq.Mtrs. area situated at Kanakpura Industrial Area, Sirsi Road, Jaipur and 2500 Sq.Mtrs. area situated at Mansarovar, Jaipur.

Previous Year

Particulars		Co	st or Deemed cost					territoria de la compansión de la compan					
· working	Balance as at April 1,	Additions	274 (1772) 977 (A.S.	T- 100	Balance at March		A	ocumulated deprecia	tion and impairmen	it		Саггу	ng Amount
Property plant and equipment	2019	Municions	Adjustments	Disposals	31, 2020	Bulance as at April 1, 2019	Adjustments	Depreciation expense	Impairment	Disposals	Balance at March	As at Murch 31,	As at March 31 , 2019
Vehicles	31,81,050										31, 2020	2020	
Road, Drains & water supply	27,31,764				31,81,050	13,79,525		4.05.050					
Building	3,43,12,221				27,31,764	25,95,175		4,05,252			17,84,777	13,96,273	18,01,525
Furniture and fixtures	1,49,90,136	90 000	•		3,43,12,221	1,51,99,019		0.40.01.2			25,95,175	1,36,589	1,36,589
Wind Power Project	5,80,00,000	78,828		1,51,620	1,49,17,344	1,15,61,682		8,47,814		× 1	1,60,46,833	1,82,65,388	1,91,13,202
Temporary Structure	26,13,392		2		5,80,00,000	3,26,74,645		6,88,061	-	76,808	1,21,72,935	27,44,409	34,28,454
Plant and machinery-Imported	14,53,63,505				26,13,392	26,13,392		22,42,535			3,49,17,180	2,30,82,820	2,53,25,355
Plant and machinery-Indigenous	5,87,07,231	1,82,27,013	E.		16,35,90,518	6,21,98,040		20.000000		2	26,13,392		
Computer and Printers	2,32,31,057	1,47,424			5,88,54,655	2,83,68,662	*	98,52,750		- 1	7,20,50,790	9,15,39,728	8,31,65,465
Leasehold Premises	2,32,31,057	10,39,168		3,91,197	2,38,79,028	1,90,68,791	- C	31,62,469			3,15,31,131	2,73,23,524	3,03,38,569
and					1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	1,50,00,791		9,93,842		3,18,185	1,97,44,448	41,34,580	41,62,266
TOTAL PARTY OF THE	1,27,27,973				1 00 00 000								1303000
Subtotal	35,58,58,329	1,94,92,433		F 40 010	1,27,27,973	14,50,302		1,28,565			15,78,867	1,11,49,106	1 10 77 671
			The state of the s	5,42,817	37,48,07,945	17,71,09,233		1,83,21,288		3,94,993	TO SHITTER THE PARTY OF THE PAR		1,12,77,671
Capital work-in-progress	14,96,50,136	3,94,52,954					2.1			3,94,993	19,50,35,528	17,97,72,417	17,87,49,096
		Sign (page)			18,91,03,090							*****	-
otal	50,55,08,465	5,89,45,387							-			18,91,03,090	14,96,50,136
		-10-2,40,007		5,42,817	56,39,11,035	17,71,09,233		1,83,21,288		3,94,993	19,50,35,528	36.88.75.507	



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Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 (Contd.)

Note: 5 Intangible Assets

Current Year

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Balance as at		st or deemed cost			Accumulated depreciation and impairment Carrying Amount						
	April 1, 2020	from	Additions from internal developments	classified as	Balance as at March 31, 2021		Amortisation expense			As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31	
Technical Know-How	72,70,376											
Subtotal (a)	72,70,376			11 . I . I	72,70,376	72,70,376			72,70,376	ALE DESCRIPTION OF PARTY AND PROPERTY.	MCMARKET TO THE TOTAL THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TOTAL TO THE	
	12,70,376				72,70,376	72,70,376			72,70,376			

Previous Year

Particulars	Balance as at		st or deemed cost			Accumulated depreciation and impairment Carrying Amount					
	April 1, 2019	from	Additions from internal developments	classified as	Balance as at March 31, 2020		Amortisation expense		Balance as at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Technical Know-How	72,70,376					Tariya is a fix					
Subtotal (a)	72,70,376				72,70,376	72,64,667	5,709		72,70,376	(III.) (IV.) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	F 700
	12,70,376				72,70,376	72,64,667	5,709		72,70,376		5,709 5, 709





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Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 (Contd.)

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

6. Trade receivables- Non Current

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
(a) Unsecured, considered good	2 44 09 656	
Total	2,44,98,656	0,00,20,020
	2,44,98,656	3,05,23,325

7. Trade receivables- Current

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
From Related Party		
(a) Unsecured, considered good	1.00	
From Others	1,82,400	1,05,000
(a) Unsecured, considered good		
(b) Doubtful	1,75,72,14,349	1,79,63,24,314
	20,75,82,209	13,54,25,193
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts		
Total Total	20,75,82,209	13.54,25.193
	1,75,73,96,749	1,79,64,29,314

7.1 The Company has sent the mail to the parties for confirmation of the outstanding balance as at 31st March 2021, but the response of the mails has not been received by the company

8. Deferred Tax Asset (Net)

The following is the analysis of deferred tax Assets/(Liabilities) presented in the balance she

Particulars	produced in the balance sneet:		
Tartemars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	
Deferred tax liabilities Deferred tax assets	(3,43,31,430)	(4,16,19,324)	
Net	20,02,04,407		
8 1 In aggregia - than the trans	16,58,72,977	10,26,24,924	

In assessing the reliability of deferred income tax assets, the Management considers whether some portion or all of the deferred income tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred income tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which the temporary differences become deductible. The Management considers the scheduled reversals of deferred income tax liabilities, projected future taxable income, and tax planning strategies in making this assessment. Based on the level of historical taxable income and projections for future taxable income over the periods in which the deferred income tax assets are deductible, the Management believes that the Company will realize the benefits of those deductible differences. The amount of the deferred income tax assets considered realizable, however, could be reduced in the near term if estimates of future taxable income during the carry forward period are reduced. As per Management's estimate it is likely that the company will have taxable future profits over the future years on which this asset may be used. The Company's ability to recover defered tax assets is assessed by management at the close of each financial year taking into account forecasts of future taxable results

Year ended March 31, 2021

Particulars Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) in relati	Opening balance	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Closing balance
Property, plant and equipment Fair Value of financial assets Allowance for Doubtful Debts Deferred revenue Deferred expense Provisions for Employee Benefit Tax on losses (Carry Forward Losses) Deferred Grant	(3,81,73,574) 18,63,674 3,94,35,816 44,28,004 (34,45,750) 4,29,57,768 5,55,58,986	(5,35,576) 2,10,12,123 (31,33,991)	2,75,474	(3,33,01,813 13,28,098 6,04,47,939 12,94,013 (10,29,617 5,39,83,773
Total	10,26,24,924	2,48,59,453 6,29,72,579	2,75,474	5,82,91,131 2,48,59,453 16,58,72,977



Year ended March 31, 2020

Particulars	Opening balance	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Closing balance
Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) in relation	on to:			
Property, plant and equipment	(3,97,90,871)	16,17,297	- 1	/2 01 70 77
Fair Value of financial assets	26,87,838	(8,24,164)		(3,81,73,574
Allowance for Doubtful Debts	1,29,97,146	2,64,38,670		18,63,674
Deferred revenue	1,26,06,935	(81,78,931)		3,94,35,816
Deferred expense	(98,55,660)	170000000000000000000000000000000000000		44,28,004
Provisions for Employee Benefit	1,78,20,176	- 1,05,510	-	(34,45,750)
Tax on losses (Carry Forward Losses)	1,78,20,170	2,06,89,378	44,48,214	4,29,57,768
Total	100 00 00	5,55,58,986	-	5,55,58,986
	(35,34,436)	10,17,11,146	44,48,214	10,26,24,924

9. Other financial assets

9A. Other financial assets - Non current

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
From Related Party		115 at March 51, 2020
-Security Deposit	40,470	40.480
Others -	40,470	40,470
-Security Deposit	10,91,365	10,66,365
-Loans & Advances to employees	3,88,887	4,00,189
-Cash and bank balances not available for immediate use (See Note below)	94,36,315	54,27,295
Total	1,09,57,037	69,34,319

Note: Particulars of cash and bank balances not available for immediate use.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Bank Balances (including interest accrued thereon) not available for immediate use being deposits pledged with bank as margin money.	2,71,20,075	3,95,73,765
Less: Amount reflected under Other Bank Balance [Note 11A]	1,76,83,760	3,41,46,470
Amount reflected under other financial assets - non-current [Note 9A]	94,36,315	54,27,295

9B. Other financial assets - Current

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	
- Security Deposits	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
	8,09,500	8,09,500
- Loans to Staff	25,447	76,286
- Earnest Money	3,01,76,480	4,16,11,869
- Subsidy Receivable	6,48,000	
Total		6,48,000
	3,16,59,427	4,31,45,655



Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 (Contd.)

10. Inventories

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	
Inventories		As at March 31, 2020
Raw materials	7,50,19,875	
Raw Material in Production Department		12,10,20,011
Finished goods	4,40,27,223	2,99,02,281
Packing Material	9,17,03,145	9,67,77,477
Stores and spares	2,77,660	4,17,831
Total	2,09,80,542	2,04,29,910
	23,20,08,445	27.15.53.876

- 10.1 Raw Material in Production Department is the Material in WIP stores which are at zero stage of completion, In Earlier years it was classified as Work in Progress
- 10.2 Pursuant to compliance with Schedule III , Stores & Spares are reclassified as a separate line item. In Previous year it was grouped under Raw Material
- 10.3 Data Processing Unit (DPU) and spares kits are of Finished Goods nature. They were previously included in Work in Progress, They are reclassified to Finished Goods.
- 10.4 The above inventory includes Non Moving inventory of Rs 43,62,491 and Slow moving inventory of Rs 90,52,583.

11. Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and in banks, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period as shown in the statement of cash flows can be reconciled to the related items in the balance sheet as follows:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	T
Balances with Banks		As at March 31, 2020
PNB Savings Account	8,66,65,866	11,32,192
Others	8,22,66,865	
Others	43,99,001	11,32,192
Cash on hand		
Cash and cash equivalents	41,101	1,22,101
The Company has received a Grant of	8,67,06,967	12,54,293

The Company has received a Grant of Rs 8,15,08,000 from Department of Heavy Industries (DHI) under FAME II Scheme for establishing EV Chargers. These Funds have been kept in PNB Savings Account which are not available for Normal Business Operations. The amount stated also includes Rs 7,58,364 received as interest on the funds. The interest is deposited to Consolidated Fund of India in month of July 2021

11A. Other Bank Balances

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	
Bank Deposits pledged with bank as margin	113 at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
money (maturity more than 3 months but less than 12 months)	1,76,83,760	3,41,46,470
Total		
Note: Company is availing fund / non-fund ha	1,76,83,760	3,41,46,470

Hypothecation of Raw Material, Stock in process, finished goods and book debts and further collateraly secured by first charge over fixed and movable Capital Assets of the Company.

12. Other assets

12A. Other assets - Non Current

Particulars		
	As at March 31, 2021	T.
Others -	at march 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
-Prepaid expenses		
Total	65,929	4,57,612
	65,929	4.57.612



12B. Other assets - Current

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Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
- Advance against expenses to employees	1,82,719	5,37,729
Prepaid expenses	12,04,193	16,33,896
Other Advances	34,05,542	1,81,25,887
Advances to Vendors	14,10,223	88,81,877
GST Adjustable Total	20,80,357	1,34,61,850
Total	82,83,034	4,26,41,239

13. Current tax assets and liabilities		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Current tax assets	 	
Benefit of tax losses to be carried back to recover taxes paid in prior periods		
Advance Payment of taxes	6,74,21,467	4,85,34,137
Current tax liabilities Income tax payable	6,74,21,467	4,85,34,137
	18,40,780	18,40,780
	18,40,780	18,40,780
Current tax Assets / (Liabilities)	6,55,80,687	4,66,93,357



RAJASTHAN ELECTRONICS AND INSTRUMENTS LIMITED 2,KANAKPURA INDUSTRIAL AREA,JAIPUR-302034, RAJASTHAN

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Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 (Contd.)

14. Equity Share Capital Particulars (All amounts in ξ , unless otherwise stated)

As at March 31, 2021 As at March 31, 2020 Equity share capital Total 12,25,00,000 12,25,00,000

Authorised Share capital :	12,25,00,000		
15,000,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 each	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	
Issued and subscribed capital comprises:	15,00,00,000	15,00,00,000	
1,22,50,000 fully paid equity shares of Rs. 10 each (as at March 31, 2020: 1,22,50,000)	12,25,00,000	12,25,00,000	
	12,25,00,000	12,25,00,000	

14.1 Movement during the period

Particulars	For the Year end	For the Year ended March 31, 2021		
Salance at the start of the period	No. of the contract of the con	Ch.	For the Year ende Number of shares	
Movements	1,22,50,000			(Amount)
alance at the end of the period		- 1-1-0,000	1,22,50,000	12,25,00,00
ully paid equity shares, which have a par value of Rs.10, carry of	1,22,50,000	12,25,00,000	1,22,50,000	12,25,00,00

14.2 Details of shares held by the promoters.

Pa	rticulars		
Government of India		As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Total		62,47,500	62,47,50
To all the		62,47,500	02,47,30

14.3 Details of shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% shares.

		ch 31, 2021	As at W	
Equity shares:	Number of shares held	% holding in the class of	As at Marci Number of shares	
Government of India		shares		% holding in the class of shares
M/s Rajasthan State Industrial Development and Investment Corporation Ltd., Jaipur Total	62,47,500 60,02,500	51% 49%	62,47,500 60,02,500	51%
15. Other Faulty	1,22,50,000	100%	1 22 50 000	

Refer Statement of Changes in Equity for detailed m

Balance as at March 31, 2020	General Reserves	Retained Earnings	
Add: Profit/(Loss) for the year	81,23,45,363	Recailled Earnings	Total
Add: Other Comprehensive Income	127 34375	44,70,055	81,68,15,41
Less: Transfer to Retained Earnings		(12,77,72,567)	(12,77,72,56)
Add: Transfer from General Reserve		(6,70,520)	
Balance as at March 31, 2021	(13,00,00,000)	(4)/4/620/	10,70,520
Designice as at March 31, 2021		13.00.00.000	(13,00,00,000
	68,23,45,363	13,00,00,000	13,00,00,000
		60,26,968	60 00 00 00

Balance as at March 31, 2019	General Reserves	Pat I I I	
Add: Profit/(Loss) for the year		Retained Earnings	Total
Add: Other Comprehensive Income	1,02,23,45,363	54,96,659	1,02,78,42,03
ess: Payment of Dividend		(17,06,63,326)	
esa: Tax on Dividend		(1,08,27,248)	
ess: Transfer to Retained Earnings		(2,45,00,000)	(2,45,00,00
dd: Transfer from General Reserve	(01.00.00	(50,36,030)	(50,36,03
siance as at March 31, 2020	(21,00,00,000)		(21,00,00,000
	91 00 dr 200	21,00,00,000	21,00,00,000
	81,23,45,363	44,70,055	81,68,15,418



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Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 (Contd.)

16A. Non-current Borrowings

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Secured - at amortised cost		
(i)Term loans		
- from banks		
		60,53,258
Total Non-current borrowings		
		60,53,258

16B. Current Borrowings

Farticulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Secured - at amortised cost		2020
a) Loans repayable on demand		
from banks (Cash Credit)		
nom banks (cash Credit)		
Total Course t		9,74,59,347
Total Current borrowings		
		9,74,59,347

The balance of Secured Cash Credit Facility from PNB Bank is Rs. Nil as at March 31, 2021 (9,74,59,347 as at March 31, 2020)

Dontinut

1. Age-wise analysis and Repayment terms of the Company's Long term Borrowings are as below:

Particulars		
Term Loan (PNB)	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Total		1,87,19,247
The Term loan from PNB is repaid in full during F.Y 2020-21		1,87,19,247

17. Other financial liabilities - Current

Particulars		
(a) Earnest Money	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
(b) Retention money	76,36,792	77,98,392
(c) Security Deposit	20,95,950	20,95,950
(d) Current Maturities of long-term debt	1,19,43,945	.96,47,455
(e) Employee Benefits Payable		1,26,65,989
(f) Others	87,30,935	72,13,787
Total	4,27,792	22,43,711
	3,08,35,414	4,16,65,284

18. Provisions

18A. Provisions - Non current

Particulars		
Employee benefits	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Total	2,72,91,990	26,79,999
10	2,72,91,990	26,79,999
18B. Provisions - Current	AIPUR)	20,79,999

Employee benefits	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Provision for Warranty Total	7,32,57,112	5,48,94,285 50,00,000
18.1 Provision for employee benefits includes provision for Gratuity. Les	7,82,57,112	5,98,94,285

me. The above are recognised as per the report provided by actuary, ncashment, Half Pay Leave & liability for Post Retirement Medical

8.2 Earlier, the practice followed by the Company was to recognize Medical Reimbursement to retired employees on actual basis. However, on analysis of the medical reimbursement policy in accordance with IND AS 19, it was observed that this is in the nature of defined benefit plan. Hence, during F.Y 2020-21, Company has recognised a liability amounting to Rs. 2,56,61,711 related to the same

8.3 Warranty is provided for Goods as well as for services to customers. The Company provides provision for warranty expenses in accordance

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 (Contd.)

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

19. Other liabilities

19A. Other non-current liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 21 2000
- Deferred Grant Related to income	25,74,000	As at March 31, 2020 38,61,000
- Deferred Grant Related to asset	20,28,907	21,35,707
- Deferred Revenue Total	2,42,83,726	
Total	2,88,86,633	2,69,60,356

19B. Other current liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
 Advance from customers Deferred Grant Related to income Deferred Grant Related to asset Interest payable under Consolidated Fund of India Pre-Receipt Training & Education 	17,04,70,534 8,27,95,000 1,06,800 7,58,364	9,09,31,593
- Deferred revenue - Statutory dues	4,40,86,733 1,59,85,772	14,000 2,49,75,642 1,13,22,335
	31,42,03,203	21,51,81,370

- 19.1 Deferred Grant related to income includes the Grant amounting Rs 8,15,08,000 received from Department of Heavy Industries (DHI) under FAME II Scheme for establishing Electronic Vehicle chargers. As per Management estimate that the project would be completed in the near future and accordingly the nature of this Grant is current.
- 19.2 Deferred Grant related to Income will be recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the entity recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.
- 19.3 Deferred Grant related to Assets is recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the useful life of the asset.

20A. Trade payables - Non Current

...

Particulars		
From Related Parties	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
From Others		
-Total Outstanding dues of creditors of micro and small enterprises -Total Outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	37,08,996	39,37,203
Total		33,24,1200
	37,08,996	39,37,203

20B. Trade payables - Current

Particulars		
From Related Parties	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
From Others		
-Total Outstanding dues of creditors of micro and small enterprises -Total Outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	37,98,79,974 1,05,24,66,593	02,00,01,911
Total 20.1 The above outstanding amount includes Rs 31 36 72 582 due to M/ 2	1,43,23,46,567	1,35,21,33,371

s Rs 31,36,72,582 due to M/s Suntech Industries because of non fulfillment of contractual obligations The Party has already lost two cases in lower court in respect of Pradeshik Cooperative Federation(PCDF) Uttar Pradesh and UPNEDA. In the case of PCDF they have filed application in Hon'ble High Court for appointment of arbitrator and in the case of UPNEDA they have filed application for setting aside order of the Commercial Court. Hon'ble High Court has appointed arbitrator in case of PCDF and no order has been received in respect of UPNEDA as proceedings are underway till date.

20.2 Company has policy to obtain confirmation from vendors regarding MSMED registeration only for those Vendors with whom Company has regular transactions during the year.

Further, no confirmation from venders is obtained regarding registeration under MSMED Act, 2006 from parties with whom no transactions



Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 (Contd.)

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

21. Contingent liabilities, Contingent assets and Commitments

21.1 Contingent liabilities

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	(RS. III Lakins)
(a) Guarantees given by bankers on behalf of the company.		As at March 31, 2020
(b) Claims against the company not acknowledged as debts.	3,933.31	4,430.07
c) Service Tax Show cause notices/Demand raised by Excise & Service Tax	39,45	39.67
Department (2009-10)	3.82	3.82

21.1.1 Claims against the company not acknowledge as debts include claim by an Ex-Employee of the Company (Mr Samuel Subodh) for which litigation is pending in court of law amounting to Rs 39.45 lacs

In Previous year, Contingent Liability also includes claim by another ex- employee (Mr Bala Ram) for which liability is booked in current year under the head of outstanding liability as Management estimates that it is more probable that the Company will lose the case

21.1.2:- Contingent Liabilities are recognised when a possible obligation arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity, One of the MSME Vendors, M/s Gansum Global Solutions India Private Limited having outstanding amount of Rs. 14,75,877 as on 31/03/2021 has claim interest as per MSMED Act,2006 on which proceedings are pending in the in the High Court of Andhra Pradesh at Amaravati. As per the management, reliable estimate of the interest obligation cannot be made, Hence, the same has not been disclosed as Contingent Liability.

21.2 Contingent assets

Particulars		
Insurance Claims lodged but not approved/settled	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Total	2,42,500	5,56,074
	2,42,500	5,56,074

21.3 Commitments

Particulars		(Rs. In Lakhs)
Commitments	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed and not provided for including service and maintenance contracts. Total	9,273	6,539
	9,273	6,539



RAJASTHAN ELECTRONICS AND INSTRUMENTS LIMITED Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 (Contd.)

22. Revenue from operations

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

The following is details of the Company's revenue for the period from continuing operations

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	I w
(a) Sales	2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Exports		A
Domestic		7,41,085
(b) Other operating revenues	92,37,64,555	63,15,66,576
Service Maintenance and installation charges Grant in aid	45,36,22,523	33,19,68,239
Insurance Receipts	9,53,10,460	14,23,73,000
Carriage Receipts	9,96,911	14,93,997
Cotal	7,25,724	9,87,557
	1,47,44,20,173	1.10.91.30 454

22.1 Earlier the company has recognized sales of EV Chargers to Tata Power amounting Rs 4.93 Crore and accordingly utilizes Government Grant of 3.45 Crore. But in August 2021 the company issued Credit Note to Tata Power and recognize it as sales Return, but on subsequent verification it is found that the company has not signed the agreement with Tata power as the later did not agree with the Terms & condition of the agreement. The impact of the above mentioned subsequent events is taken in books and the sales is reversed in F.y 2020-21. Also the utilization of Government Grant relating the same is also reversed.

- 22.2 Grant in aid includes grant related to income amounting to Rs 9,53,10,460 in current year (Rs. 14,23,73,000 in previous year) which is recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the entity recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.
- 22.3 Revenue disaggregation as has been included in segment information (Refer note 35).
- 22.4 The aggregate value of transaction price allocated to unsatisfied (or partially satisfied) performance obligations is Rs. 6,83,70,460 of which 64.48% is expected to be recognised next year. No consideration from contracts with customers is

Changes in Deferred Revenue for the year ended March 31, 2021 are as follows:

Balances at the beginning of the year	
Revenue recognised during the year	4,59,39,291
Addition during the year	(77,45,937)
Balance at the end of the year	3,01,77,106
	6,83,70,460

23. Other Income

a) Interest Income

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Prior Period Income		
Bank Deposits	4,54,912	
Others	18,58,239	02 70 00
otal (a)	77,16,471	23,70,838
	1,00,29,622	89,75,607

Amortisation of Government Grant*	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Foreign Exchange Fluctuation	1,06,800	
Others (aggregate of immaterial items)	69,177	1,06,800
Total (b)	20,07,400	
Total (a+b)	21,83,377	6,24,341
*Amortisation of Grant of Rs. 1,06,800 (Rs. 10	1,22,12,999	7,31,141

1,06,800 in Previous Year) is amortisation of grant related to assets which is recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the useful life of the asset.



Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 (Contd.)

24. Cost of material consumed	秋樂·海東衛神 - 111	
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Cost of material Consumed		
Opening stock	17,47,76,400	15,95,02,331
Add: Purchase of raw material	78,39,77,431	68,82,11,868
Less; Closing stock	95,87,53,831	84,77,14,199
Total	14,03,05,300	17,47,76,400
	81,84,48,531	67 29 37 700

24A. Details of material consumed

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	T+
	real ended march 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
(a) Details of Raw Materials consumed		
Solar Energy Equipments		
-Solar Cells		
-Others	2,47,63,581	4,67,91,145
Electronic Milk Analysers	46,53,60,700	30,70,74,328
Consumables & packing materials	32,42,86,080	30,96,19,744
Total	40,38,170	94,52,582
(b) Value of Imported and indigenous material consumed	81,84,48,531	67,29,37,799
Imported and indigenous material consumed		
Indigenous	3,78,89,826	8,81,37,302.21
Total	78,05,58,705	58,48,00,497.20
10(8)	81,84,48,531	67,29,37,799

25. Change in inventories of finished goods	(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)	
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Increase(-) / Decrease(+) in Stock		2020
Opening Stock		
Finished goods	9,67,77,477	
	9,67,77,477	3,50,50,140
Less: Closing stock	9,07,77,477	3,50,50,140
Finished goods	9,17,03,145	9,67,77,477
Change in inventories of Finished goods	9,17,03,145	9,67,77,477
o - I mished goods	50,74,332	(6,17,27,337)
Total		
	50,74,332	(6,17,27,337)

26. Employee benefits expense

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Salaries and Wages		111111111111111111111111111111111111111
Contribution to provident and other funds	27,85,05,683	20,37,04,00
Staff Welfare Expenses	4,63,32,397	5,32,43,35
Provision for Medical expenses	21,90,763	98,07,24
Total	2,61,40,604	
26.1 Provision for medical expenses as per Post Petin	35,31,69,447	35,28,35,483

are booked in accordance with the actuarial report as per IND AS 19. (Refer Note 18.2). This also includes Rs. 478893/- paid to Contractual employees and special cases of regular employees.



RAJASTHAN ELECTRONICS AND INSTRUMENTS LIMITED Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 (Contd.)

(All amounts in ?, unless otherwise stated) 27. Finance costs Particulars Year ended March 31, 2021 | Year ended March 31, 2020 Interest costs 85,42,937 Bank Charges 76,29,357 38,71,719 Bank Guarantee Commission 28,05,053 23,61,563 Total 27,69,736 1,47,76,219 1,32,04,146

28. Depreciation, impairment and amortisation expense

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment pertaining to continuing operations	2,56,67,798	1,83,21,288
Impairment loss of Property, Plant and Equipments Less: Depreciation of earlier year written off	1,79,40,282	
Amortisation of intangible assets		5,709
Total depreciation, impairment and amortisation pertaining to continuing operations	4,36,08,080	1,83,26,997

28.1 Impairment Loss of Rs 1,79,40,282 is booked on Wind Power Project in accordance with IND AS 36 "Impairment of Assets"

29. Other expenses

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Other Expenses		10m 10m 10m 10m, 2020
Power & fuel		
Repair & maintenance	55,77,697	68,04,562
- Plant & machinery		
- Building	6,55,796	6,94,804
- Others	7,43,665	15,54,746
Testing & other expenses	4,13,652	10,26,549
Component & prototype for R&D	7,69,093	2,38,378
Rent	5,85,841	5,83,064
Rates & taxes	20,15,247	29,55,282
Printing & stationery	14,55,948	16,97,416
Travelling & conveyance	6,45,624	19,30,047
Postage & communication expenses	88,25,009	1,68,04,696
Board meeting expenses	25,75,868	26,59,114
Director's sitting fee		19,037
Legal & professional fee	1,28,000	58,000
Security, cleaning & other expenses	37,07,830	31,48,367
Payment to Auditors	75,46,426	79,10,357
Insurance charges	2,79,000	3,03,000
CSR expenses	14,68,451	8,94,182
Allowances for Doubtful Debts	*	30,35,744
Advertising & business promotion	7,21,57,016	9,07,92,139
Forwarding expenses	5,09,836	63,98,550
Varranty Obligation	1,04,27,637	66,57,335
Royalty, Discount & commission	23,90,027	68,51,532
Service,maintenance & installation charges	41,57,268	80,40,711
oreign exchange fluctuation (net)	29,11,08,568	23,74,81,630
discellaneous expenses		9,33,855
oss on Sale of Assets	38,43,228	98,34,148
oss on Written off of assets	6,34,102	20,04,140
enalty Ag. Late Supply- SPV	2,35,673	
rior Period Expenses	1,79,69,912	
otal	12,24,511	
	44,20,50,925	41,93,07,245

Payments to auditors	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
(a) Statutory audit fee	1,00,000	
(b) Tax audit fee	60,000	1,00,000
(c) Certification work	94,000	60,000
(d) Out of pocket expenses	25,000	1,18,000
	2,79,000	25,000



RAJASTHAN ELECTRONICS AND INSTRUMENTS LIMITED Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 (Contd.)

30. Income taxes relating to continuing operations

30.1 Income tax recognised in profit or loss

(All amounts in ₹ , unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	(All amounts in ?, unless otherwise stated)		
	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020	
Current tax			
In respect of the current period			
Adjustment of tax relating to earlier years			
Provision Reversal			
n respect of the Previous period	2,50,784	(2,13,01,825	
	2,50,784	(2,13,01,825)	
Deferred tax			
n respect of the current period			
adjustment of tax relating to earlier year	(6,29,72,579)	(10,17,11,146)	
Cotal Income tax average	(6,29,72,579)	(10,17,11,146)	
otal income tax expense recognised in the current period relating to continuing operations	(6,27,21,795)	(12,30,12,971)	

30.2 Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Deferrred Tax		
Re-measurement of defined benefit obligation Total	2,75,474	44,48,214
Bifurcation of the income tax recognised in other	2,75,474	44,48,214
tems that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	2,75,474	44,48,214



RAJASTHAN ELECTRONICS AND INSTRUMENTS LIMITED Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 (Contd.)

31. Earnings per share

(All amounts in ? . unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	ts in ₹, unless otherwise stated Year ended March 31, 2020
From Continuing operations	Rs. per share	Rs. per share
Profit / (Loss) after tax	(12,77,72,567)	(17,06,63,326)
Weighted average number of equity shares for calculation of basic EPS	1,22,50,000	1,22,50,000
Basic earnings per share (one equity share of Rs. 10/- each)	(10.43)	(13.93)
Weighted average number of equity shares for calculation of diluted EPS	1,22,50,000	1,22,50,000
Diluted earnings per share (one equity share of Rs. 10/- each)	(10.43)	(13.93)
From Continuing operations	Rs. per share	Rs. per share
Basic earnings per share	(10.43)	
Diluted earnings per share	(10.43)	(13.93)

31.1 Basic Earnings per share

The earnings and weighted average number of equity shares used in the calculation of basic earnings per share are as follows.

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Profit / (Loss) for the period attributable to owners of the Company (A) Weighted average number of equity shares for the purposes of basic earnings per share (B)	(12,77,72,567) 1,22,50,000	(17,06,63,326) 1,22,50,000
Basic Earnings per share (A/B)	(10.43)	(13.93)

31.2 Diluted earnings per share

The earnings used in the calculation of diluted earnings per share are as follows.

The weighted average number of equity shares for the purpose of diluted earnings per share reconciles to the weighted average number of equity shares used in the calculation of basic earnings per share as follows:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Earnings used in the calculation of basic earnings per share	(12,77,72,567)	(17,06,63,326)
Earnings used in the calculation of diluted earnings per share (A)	(12 77 72 567)	(*1,00,00,020)
Weighted average number of equity shares used in the calculation of basic earnings per share	1,22,50,000	1,22,50,000
Weighted average number of equity shares used in the calculation of diluted earnings per share (B)	1,22,50,000	1,22,50,000
Diluted earnings per share (A/B)	(10.43)	(13.93)

32. Employee benefit plans

32.1 Defined contribution plans

The Company contributes to defined contribution retirement benefit plans for all qualifying employees of its Company maintained at Employee Provident Fund Office, Govt.of India .

The total expense recognised in profit or loss account of Rs.2,21,41,919 /- (Previous Year Rs.2,25,78,330 /-).

32.2 Defined benefit plans

The employee gratuity fund scheme is managed by a policy, administered by Life Insurance Corporation of India through approved gratuity trust fund. The present value of obligation is determined based on Acturial Valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method to assess the plan's liabilities including those related to retirement, resignation and death-in-service benefits.

Investment risk	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability (denominated in Indian Rupee) is calculated using a discount rate which is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds. Since investment is with insurance company (LIC), assets are considered to be secured.
Interest risk	A decrease in the bond interest rate will increase the plan liability; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's debt investments.
Longevity risk	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality of plan participants both during and after their employment. An increase in the life expectancy of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.
Salary risk	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.



Rajasthan Electronics & Instruments Limited

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 (Contd.)

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

The principal assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations were as follows.

Particulars	Value	Valuation as at	
	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	
Discount rate(s) Rate(s) of salary increase	6.44%	6.839	
Rate of Employee Turnover Expected Return on Plan Assets	3.00% 6.44%		
Mortality rates*(During Employement)	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08)	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08)	

The amount included in the balance sheet arising from the entity's obligation in respect of its defined benefit plans is as follows.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Present value of funded defined benefit obligation	(17,09,98,799)	
Fair value of plan assets		(17,23,58,831)
Funded status	11,30,50,097	12,38,10,453
Restrictions on asset recognised	(5,79,48,702)	(4,85,48,378)
Net liability arising from defined benefit obligation	(5,79,48,702)	(4,85,48,378)

Net Interest Cost for Current Period are as follows.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Present value of Benefit Obligation at the Period Fair value of plan assets at the Beginning of the Period Net Liability/(Assets) at the Beginning	17,23,58,831 (12,38,10,453) 4,85,48,378	16,00,28,644 (11,41,40,018
Interest Cost	1,17,72,108	4,58,88,626
(Interest Income) Net Interest Cost for Current Period	(84,56,254)	1,23,06,203 (87,77,367
	33,15,854	35,28,836

Expenses Recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss for Current Period are as follows.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Current Service Cost		
Net Interest Cost	53,83,331	49,02,551
Past Service Cost	33,15,854	35,28,836
Expenses Recognized		36
Build	86,99,185	84.31.387

Expenses Recognized in the Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) for Current Period are as follows.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Acturial (Gains)/Losses on Obligation For the Period Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income Change in Asset Ceiling	3,80,890 5,65,104	1,45,88,283 6,87,179
Net (Income)/Expense For the Period Recognized in OCI	9,45,994	1,52,75,462

Movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Opening defined benefit obligation		
interest cost	17,23,58,831	16,00,28,644
Current service cost	1,17,72,108	1,23,06,203
Past Service Cost	53,83,331	49,02,551
Remeasurement (gains)/losses:	7.	
Actuarial gains and losses arising from changes in demographic assumptions	12,52,053	
Actuarial gains and losses arising from changes in financial assumptions	33,27,914	78,77,679
Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments		
Benefits paid from the Fund	(41,99,077)	67,10,604
Closing defined benefit obligation	(1,88,96,361)	(1,94,66,850)
Burkin State Control of the Control	17,09,98,799	17,23,58,831

Movements in the fair value of the plan assets are as follows.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Opening fair value of plan assets		
Interest income	12,38,10,453	11,41,40,01
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest expense)	84,56,254	87,77,36
executing amounts included in net interest expens	(5,65,104)	(6,87,179
Contributions from the employer		
Benefits paid from the Fund	2,44,855	2,10,47,09
Closing fair value of plan assets	(1,88,96,361)	(1,94,66,850
	11,30,50,097	12,38,10,453



Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 (Contd.)

Balance Sheet Reconciliation (All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated) Particulars As at March 31, 2021 As at March 31, 2020 Opening Net Liability 4,85,48,378 4,58,88,626 Expenses Recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss 86,99,185 84,31,387 Expenses Recognized in OCI 9,45,994 1,52,75,462 Net Liability/(Asset) Transfer In Net Liability/(Asset) Transfer Out Net Effect of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates (Benefit Paid Directly by the Employer) (2,44,855)(2,10,47,097) Net Liability/(Asset) Recognized in the Balance Sheet 5,79,48,702 4,85,48,378

Category of Assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Insurance Fund	11,30,50,097	12,38,10,453
Net Liability/(Asset) Recognized in the Balance Sheet	11,30,50,097	12,38,10,453

Other Details

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
No of Active Members	240	254
Per Month Salary For Active Members	1,51,51,170	1,56,87,345
Weighted Average Duration of the Projected Benefit Obligation	6	7
Average Expected Future Service	10	12
Projected Benefit Obligation (PBO)	17,09,98,799	17,23,58,831
Prescribed Contribution for Next Year (12 Months)	1,51,51,170	1,56,87,345

Net Interest Cost for Next Year are as follows.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Present value of Benefit Obligation at the End of the Period	17,09,98,799	17,23,58,831
Fair value of plan assets at the End of the Period	(11,30,50,097)	(12,38,10,453)
Net Liability/(Assets) at the End of the Period	5,79,48,702	4,85,48,378
Interest Cost	1,10,12,323	1,17,72,108
(Interest Income)	(72,80,426)	(84,56,254)
Net Interest Cost for Next Period	37,31,897	33,15,854

Expenses Recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss for Next Period are as follows.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Current Service Cost	40,46,573	E2 02 22
Net Interest Cost	37,31.897	53,83,33 33,15,854
Expenses Recognized	77,78,470	86 99 188

Maturity Analysis of Projected Benefit Obligation: From the Fund.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Projected Benefits Payable in Future Years From the Date of F	Reporting	
1st Following Year	2,10,56,588	2,08,59,789
2nd Following Year 3rd Following Year	2,30,15,381	1,18,09,739
4th Following Year	1,82,21,352	2,69,67,660
5th Following Year	2,34,42,122	1,80,74,254
Sum of Years 6 To 10	2,35,45,454	2,20,15,249
Sum of Years 11 and above	6,97,71,261	7,62,51,063
	7,91,26,371	10,34,27,225

Sensitivity Analysis

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Projected Benefits Obligation on Current Assumptions Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Discounting Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Discounting Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Salary Increase Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Salary Increase Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Employee Turnover Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Employee Turnover	17,09,98,799 (82,55,785) 92,38,844 50,91,729 (54,04,999) 9,67,869	17.23,58,831 (90,89,299 1,02,11,845 64,21,458 (66,79,034 12,03,807



RAJASTHAN ELECTRONICS AND INSTRUMENTS LIMITED Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 (Contd.)

33. Financial instruments

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

33.1 Capital management

Equity share capital and other equity are considered for the purpose of Company's capital management.

The Company manages its capital so as to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern and to optimise returns to shareholders. The capital structure of the Company is based on management's judgement of its strategic and day-to-day needs with a focus on total equity so as to maintain investor, creditors and market confidence.

The management and the Board of Directors monitors the return on capital as well as the level of dividends to shareholders. The Company may take appropriate steps in order to maintain, or if necessary adjust, its capital structure.

33.2 Categories of financial instruments and Fair Values

A.) The carrying amounts and fair values of financial instruments by class are as follows:

Particulars	As at Mar	ch 31, 2021			
Financial assets	Carrying amount	Fair value	As at Ma	rch 31, 2020	
		ALCOHOLD STATE OF THE STATE OF	Carrying amount	Fair value	
Financial assets at amortised cost:	1,91,12,18,836				
	2,22,12,10,836	1,91,12,18,836	1,87,82,86,906	1,87,85,04,39	
Non Current				2,00,00,04,09.	
Trade receivables					
Other Financial Assets	2,44,98,656	2,44,98,656	3,05,23,325		
	1,09,57,037	1,09,57,037	Caciosiosio	0,01,01,19	
Current		1,52,51,607	69,34,319	69,43,334	
Trade receivables				TO THE REAL PROPERTY.	
Cash and cash equivalents	1,75,73,96,749	1,75,73,96,749	1.70 64.00 044		
Other financial assets	8,67,06,967	8,67,06,967	1,79,64,29,314	1,79,64,29,314	
and Milancial assets	3,16,59,427	3,16,59,427	12,54,293	12,54,293	
Financial liabilities		0,10,09,427	4,31,45,655	4,31,45,655	
Financial liabilities held at amortised cost:	1,46,68,90,977	146 60 00 000			
Von Current		1,46,68,90,977	1,40,37,89,116	1,40,37,89,116	
rade Payables	37,08,996				
Borrowings	37,08,996	37,08,996	39,37,203	39,37,203	
		+	60,53,258	60,53,258	
Surrent				00,00,208	
rade Payables					
thers financial liabilities	1,43,23,46,567	1,43,23,46,567	1,35,21,33,371		
	3,08,35,414	3,08,35,414	4,16,65,284	1,35,21,33,371 4,16,65,284	

The Company has disclosed financial instruments such as cash and cash equivalents, current trade receivables, current trade payables and other current financial assets/liabilities at carrying value because their carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of the fair values due to their short term nature.

B.) FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY

Except for cash and cash equivalents, current trade receivables, current trade payables and other current financial assets/liabilities disclosed at carrying value, all other financial assets/liabilities are fair valued using level 3 hierarchy

The fair values of the financial assets and financial liabilities included in the level 3 categories above have been determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on a discounted cash flow analysis



Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 (Contd.)

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

33.3 Financial risk management objectives

The Company's business activities are exposed to a variety of financial risks, namely liquidity risk, market risks and credit risk. The Company's The Company's pushess activities are exposed to a variety of inflanced risks, finding risks, finding risk management framework. Risk Management framework is constantly updated for new and emerging risks emanating from business expansion and interests. Risk Management framework of the first property of the constantly updated for new and emerging risks emanating from business expansion and interests. Risk Management framework of the property of the constantly updated for new and emerging risks emanating from business expansion and interests. Risk Management framework of the property of framework is constantly updated for new and emerging risks emanating from business expansion and interests. Risk Management framework of the company encompasses pratices relating to identification, assessment, monitoring and mitigation of various risks to key business objective. Risk management practices of the company seek to sustain and enhance the long-term competitive advantage of the company. Core values and ethics of the company provide the platform for its risk management practices. This system provides a holistic view of the business, wherein risks are identified

Risk Management aims to ensure timely and prudent decisions to:

- Maximise positive impacts of opportunities
 Minimise negative impacts of risks.
- Convert risks into opportunities.

A.) Market risk management

The company's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates (see note A(i) below) and interest

There has been no change to the company's exposure to market risks or the manner in which these risks are managed and measured.

A.)(i) Foreign currency risk management

The Company is subject to the risk that changes in foreign currency values impact the Company's exports revenue and imports of raw material and

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to US Dollar

As at 31st March, 2021, the foreign currency exposure to the Company on holding financial liabilities (trade payables) amounted to Rs. 13.63 Lakhs

A. (i)(a) Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

A 5% strengthening of the INR against key currencies to which the Company is exposed would have led to approximately an additional Rs. 14.89 Lakhs gain in the Statement of Profit and Loss (2019-20: Rs. 49.62 Lakhs gain). A 5% weakening of the INR against these currencies would have led

A.)(ii) Interest rate risk management

The Company has repaid the Term Loan in full during F.Y 2020-21 and there is no outstanding Credit balance of Cash Credit/Overdraft. Thus the Company has no exposure to changes in interest rates.

B.) Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the company. The company has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties. The company mostly transacts with government entities reducing the risk of default on contractual obligations. The company's exposure is continuously monitored.

The credit limits are fixed in respect of individual customers that are approved by Head of Marketing Department . These limits are checked before orders are accepted from the customers. Also there is a system of periodic review of credit limits

The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk as at 31st March, 2021 & 31st March, 2020 is the carrying value of each class of financial assets.

The company is making provisions on trade receivables based on Simplified Approach of Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model. The Company had followed the practice of creating the provision for doubtful debts @ 10% for outstanding of more than 3 years and upto 4 years, @20% for outstanding of more than 4 years and upto 5 years and @ 30% for for outstanding of more than 5 years thereby totaling to Rs. 20,75,82,209/-. The nuistanding of more than 4 years and upto 3 years and @ 5070 for for outstanding of more than 3 years discrety ordining to his 20,10,02,2037. The above principle is based on the assumptions of prudence; consistency in recovery of debtors as per past trends where recovery has been delayed but debts has always remained good.

Particulars	2020-21		
Opening Balance		2019-20 4,46,33,054	
Changes in loss allowance:	13,54,25,193		
Bad Debts			
Closing Balance Additional Provision	7,21,57,016	9,07,92,139	
and brighter	20,75,82,209	13,54,25,193	



RAJASTHAN ELECTRONICS AND INSTRUMENTS LIMITED Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 (Contd.)

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

C.) Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will face in meeting its obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The Company's approach in managing liquidity is to ensure that it will have sufficient funds to meet its liabilities when due without incurring unacceptable losses. In doing this, management considers both normal and stressed conditions. Management regularly monitors the position of cash and cash equivalents vis-à-vis projections. Assessment of maturity profiles of financial assets and financial liabilities including debt financing plans and maintenance of Balance Sheet liquidity ratios are considered while reviewing the liquidity position.

Cash flow from operating activities provides the funds to service the funds to service the funds on a day-to-day basis. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash and by having access to funding through fund based limit in Bank Accounts.

The following table shows the maturity analysis of the Company's financial liabilities based on estimated flows along with its carrying value as at the Balance Sheet date.

As at March 31, 2021 Trade Payables* Borrowings Other financial Liabilities	1,43,60,55,563	Payable within 1 year	1-2 years	More than 2 years	Total
Borrowings		1.43.23 46 567			
		1.43.23.46.567			
Other financial Liabilities		, -, 50, 10,007	37,08,996		1,43,60,55,563
	3,08,35,414	3,08,35,414			1,40,00,33,363
Total	1,46,68,90,977	1,46,31,81,981			3,08,35,414
		1,40,31,81,981	37,08,996		1,46,68,90,977
As at March 31 , 2020					
Trade Payables*	1.05 (0.00				
Borrowings	1,35,60,70,574	1,35,21,33,371	39,37,203		1 25 50 70 77
Other financial Liabilities	10,35,12,605	9,74,59,347	60,53,258		1,35,60,70,574
Total	4,16,65,284	4,16,65,284			10,35,12,605
Trade Payable includes Rs. 91,64,84,469/- as at March 3	1,50,12,48,463	1,49,12,58,002	99,90,461		4,16,65,284 1,50,12,48,463

1,50,12,48,40 received from customer.



RAJASTHAN ELECTRONICS & INSTRUMENTS LIMITED Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 (Contd.)

34. Related Party Disclosures

(a) Name of the Related Parties and Description of Relationship:

As at March 31, 2021

Nature of Relationship	Name of Entity	
Control	Government of India	Abbreviation used
Significant Influence	RIICO Ltd.	GOI
	Shi Rakesh Chopra (Wef 01/04/2020)	RIICO
Key Management Personnel	Shri Subhash Agrawal	MD
	Shri Amit Kumar Jain	CFO
	John Tillit Millian Dalin	CS

As at March 31, 2020

Nature of Relationship	Name of Entity	
Control	Government of India	Abbreviation used
Significant Influence	RIICO Ltd.	GOI
	Shri AK Jain (upto 31/03/2020)	RIICO
Key Management Personnel	Shri Subhash Agrawal	MD
	Shri Amit Kumar Jain	CFO
	- Tamit Kumai Jami	CS



Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 (Contd.)

Related Party Disclosures (contd.)

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

34 (b) Transactions/ balances with above mentioned related parties (mentioned in note 34(a) above)

As at Mar 31,2021

Particulars	Government of India	RIICO Ltd.	Shri Rakesh Chopra	Shri Subhash Agrawal	Shri Amit Kumar Jain	Total
Balance				1151awai		
Trade Receivable		1,05,000		77,400		1,82,400
Security Deposit		40,470		-	-	40,470
Transactions						
Remuneration		-	36,34,576	31,94,362	11,53,825	79,82,763
Supply, Installation and Commissioning of SPV Modules			1 20 501	1 19 707	11,00,020	2 30 208

As at Mar 31,2020

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Particulars	Government of India	RIICO Ltd.	Shri AK Jain	Shri Subhash Agrawal	Shri Amit Kumar Jain	Total
Balance						
Trade Receivable		1,05,000	-			1,05,000
Security Deposit		40,470		-		40,470
Transactions						
Remuneration			52,36,202	30,72,924	10,81,557	93,90,683
Dividend Paid	1,24,95,000	1,20,05,000	52,00,202	-	10,01,007	2,45,00,000



RAJASTHAN ELECTRONICS AND INSTRUMENTS LIMITED Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 (Contd.)

35. Segment Reporting

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

In Compliance of Ind AS 108 on "Segment Reporting", the required information is as under:
Business Segments: - The Company has adopted following business segments as its reportable segment.

1. Renewable Energy

2. Electronic

Geographical Segment has been considered for secondary Segments Reporting by treating sales revenue in India and foreign countries as separate geographical segments.

(I) Primary - Business Segments:

	Renewable	e Enermi	Elan	tronic	-	(Rs. In Lakhs)
Particulars	Year ended March	7			Total	
				Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Revenue						
External	6,551.16	4,771.93	0.102.04	2 242 44	7.01	
Inter-Segment	5,001.10	7,771.20	8,193.04	6,319.37	14,744.20	11,091.30
Segment Revenue	6,551.16	4,771.93	8,193,04	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7		
Total Revenue	0,502.10	4,771.93	8,193.04	6,319,37	14,744.20	11,091.30
Segment results	-1,972.90	-1,975.57				
Interest income	-1,972.90	-1,975.57	114.46	-942.61	-1,858.44	-2,918.18
Interest expenditure					101.25	113.46
Tax Expense					147.76	132.04
Net Profit / (Loss)					-627.22	-1,230.13
rive Crimina / (moda)					-1,277.73	-1.706.63

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020		Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Segment assets	13,162.49	16,856.49	10,066,22	9,338.33	23,228.71	25,194.82
Unallocated Assets					4,035.31	2,257.98
Total assets						
					27,264.02	27,452.80
Segment liabilities	9,743.85	8,857.78	5,866,80	6,882.21	15 610 65	
Unallocated Liabilities		1,23,34	0,000.00	0,002.21	15,610.65 11,653.37	15,739.99 11,712.81
Total liabilities						
					27,264.02	27,452.80
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020		Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Capital Expenditure for the year	0.14					
	3.14	380.71	10.61	208.74	13.75	589.45
Depreciation for the year	363.64	151.25	72.44	32.02	436.08	183.27

Particulars	India		(Rs. In Lakhs) Outside India	
	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended	Year ended
Revenue	14,744.20	11,083.89		7.41
Carrying Amount of Segment Assets	23,228.71	25,194.82		7.41
Capital Expenditure/ Additions to Fixed Assets	13.75	589.45		

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Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 (Contd.)

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

36. Other notes annexed to and forming parts of the accounts for the year ended March 31, 2021

A. CIF value of imports

Particulars Raw material & Components	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Plant & Machinery	2,97,07,290	7,73,16,301
Table & Machinery		1,66,22,234
Tota	2,97,07,290	9,39,38,535

B. Expenditure in foreign currency

Particulars Foreign Travelling	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Royalty		4,39,271
Professional expenses		59,59,479
Business Promotion	47,886	
T. VARIOUGI	20,533	
C. Farning in foreign and Don	68,419	63.98.750

ning in foreign exchange on FOB value

Particulars Export Sales	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Others-misc, income		7,41,085
		3,50,341
D.(i) Corporate Social Responsibility (2000 car		10.91.426

te Social Responsibility (2020-21)

-Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year- Rs Nil

-Amount spent during the year;

Nature of Work Construction/Acquisition of any asset	In cash	Yet to be paid in cash	Total
On purpose other than above			
			777

D.(ii) Corporate Social Responsibility (2019-20)

-Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year- Rs 29,48,000 /-

-Amount spent during the year;

Nature of Work			
Construction/Acquisition of any asset	In cash	Yet to be paid in cash	Total
On purpose other than above			
	30,35,744		30,35,744

E. Expenditure on Research and Development

Particulars Revenue	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Capital	3,08,17,427	
	2,77,070	22,000
Tota	3,10,94,497	3,03,36,372



Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 (Contd.)

F. Disclosures under Section 22 of the MICRO, SMALL & MEDIUM Enterprises

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

3,798.80

3.265.88

Particulars	Year ended March	(Rs. in Lakh)	
The Principal amount remaining unpaid to supplier as at the end of accounting year.*	31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020	
i) The interest due thereon remaining unpaid to supplier as at the end of accounting year.*	3,798.80	3,265.88	
i) The interest due thereon remaining unpaid to supplier as at the end of accounting year.		*,500.00	
ii) The amount of interest paid in terms of section 16, alongwith the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the year.	L _ *		
v) The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the Act.			
The amount of interest accrued during the year and remaining unpaid at the end of the ccounting year.			
i) The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding			
ears, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small nterprises for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Act.			

Total

* Mainly comprising of outstanding which is not payable due to contractual terms and conditions.

Dues to micro and small enterprises have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of intimation received from the "Suppliers" regarding their status under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.

G. Provision(s)/Adjustment(s) has not been made in the accounts for:

- (a) Additional liabilities, if any, in respect of pending Indirect taxes and Income-tax assessment, being unascertained and liabilities which may arise in future due to mismatching of input tax credit.
- (b) Claims pending for settlement in court of law, being unascertained.
- H. Expenditure on Technical Literature, Software, Electronic Media Stores, Maintenance, Printing & Stationery and Consumable stores are charged to profit & loss account treating them as consumed in the year of purchases.
- I. Sales does not include sales of spares for which service job reports from field has been received after closing of the financial year.

J Events after the end of the reporting year

The Company had reversed revenue and effect of utilization of Grant amounting to Rs 4.93 Cr considering the event of Sales Return as an adjusting event in accordance with IND AS 10 "Event After Reporting Period" (Refer Note 22.1)

K. Previous years comparative figures have been regrouped wherever necessary.

As per our separate report of even date

For R Sogani & Associates **Chartered Accountants** FRN 018755C

Sd/-

BHARAT SONKHIYA)

Partner

M. No. 403023

Place : Jaipur

Date : 21.10.2021

UDIN: 21403023AAABKI7610

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-(Ashok Pathak)

Director DIN: 06948918

Sd/-

(Amit Kumar Jain) Company Secretary Sd/-

(Rakesh Chopra) Managing Director DIN: 08732688

Sd/-

(Subhash Agrawal) Chief Financial Officer

